PALMER MOTOR CYCLE
CORD COVERS AND TUBES
JUST RECEIVED.
Send for full particulars.
WELLINGTON CYCLISTS,
BOMBAY & POONA.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913

Palmer Cycle Covers Rs. at 7/0
Buccaneer Covers at 5/0
Palmer Tubes at .. 3/8
and Buccaneer Tubes Rs. 2-12 each.
WELLINGTONS SUPPLY SAME
BOMBAY & POONA.

VOL. IV NO. 189 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 9, 1916. ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA.

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICES.

P. & O. SAILINGS
to London calling at Marseilles.

Date.		Steamers.	Tons.	From Aden.	Tons
15th	Aug.	Salsette ..	6000	Malwa ..	11000
20th	.. ..	Kashmir ..	9000	....	....
27th	.. ..	Salsette ..	6000	Kaisar-Hind	11500
3rd	Sept. ..	Caledonia ..	9000	....	....
10th	.. ..	Salsette ..	6000	Moolian ..	10000
17th	.. ..	Khyber ..	9000	....	....
24th	.. ..	Salsette ..	6000	Kashgar ..	9000
1st	Oct. ..	Nagoya ..	7000	....	....
8th	.. ..	Karmala ..	9000	....	....
15th	.. ..	Khiva ..	9000	....	....
22nd	.. ..	Arabia ..	8000	....	....
29th	.. ..	Nellore ..	7000	....	....

To Colombo, Straits, China, and Japan transhipping at Colombo for Australia, etc.

Date About		Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Colombo.	Tons.
2nd	Sept.	Sardinia ..	7000	Arabia ..	8000
7th	Sept.	Novara ..	7000	Morea ..	11000
21st	..	Nore ..	7000	Medina ..	12560
20th	Oct	Malta ..	7000	Malwa ..	11000
16th	Nov	Novara ..	7000	Moolian ..	10000

For accommodation and further information apply to THE SUPERINTENDENT, P. & O. S. N. Co., Bombay.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

About	Steamers	Destination
11th Aug.	Lhasa	Karachi direct
12th ..	Dunera	Karachi and P Gulf extra.
16th ..	Pundua	do do do
16th ..	Dumra	Karachi and P. Gulf Fast Mail.

For later on arrival of English Mail.

S.S. Linga will sail on 8th August for Karachi direct.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with Messrs. MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co., Agents, Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, Bombay.

SINCE my business is ADVERTISING, I am taking my own medicine by advertising myself.

I do not intend to boast about myself, but I do want to tell you what I think I can do.

There are many clever men in the field, I know I have the keenest competition to meet but that will not prevent me from getting my share of the business.

I feel so sure of being able to help some business men to do a greater business by adopting the style of advertising I believe in, that I will be willing to take a modest fee, as I am certain you would not like, in fairness to me, that I should render this service absolutely free of charge.

R. V. KAIKINI.

3, Medows, Street, Bombay.

BANKING.

BANK OF BARODA, LIMITED.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar.

Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.

HEAD OFFICE—BARODA.

Branches: Ahmedabad, Navsari, Mehsana and Surat.

Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 20,00,000
Capital Paid-up ..... Rs. 10,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 4,50,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,000 at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH-CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.

Deposits received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
Manager.

KAMINIA OIL is a food to your hair rendering it soft and silky. Use it and feel.

SHIPPING.

ELLERMAN'S CITY AND HALL LINES.

JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS, 1916.

HOMEWARD.

Steamers.	Class.	Tons.	Leave Bombay, about.	Leave Karachi about.
City of Marseilles	A & C	8250		17thAug.

AUTUMN SAILINGS OUTWARD.

Steamers.	Class.	Tons.	Leave Liverpool about.
City of Athens	A&C	5594	12th Sept.
*City of Paris	A&C	9000	2nd Oct.
City of York	A&C	7834	10th Oct.
City of Cairo	A&C	7700	16th Nov.

*Calling at Marseilles.

FARES.	1st class Single.	1st class Return	2nd class Single.	2nd class Return.
Marseilles — London via Marseilles —	Rs. 555	Rs 888	Rs. 420	Rs. 630
Liverpool — London via Marseilles out from Liverpool —	630 600	1,033 90	480 452	790 675
	—	942	—	712

Special rates by B Class steamers on application.

Owing to the war, rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration or cancelment without liability to the Company.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided, it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A. and C. Class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced stewardess.

A. and C. Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

All the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passage and full particulars apply to:—

KILLICK NIXON & CO.

Bombay:—Messrs. E Bate & Sons, Agency.
Karachi:—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

A BAD LINE OF STEAMERS.

FORTNIGHTLY TO PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
"S.S. Asia Maru".	2561	11th Aug. 1916.	20th Aug. 1916.
"S.S. Anyo Maru"	2169	27th Aug. 1916	5th Sept. 1916

For further particulars apply to:—

MIRZA MOHAMED SHIRAZEE,

72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

Capital Authorized	Rs. 50,00,000
Capital Issued	Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Subscribed	Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Paid-up	Rs. 15,75,958
Reserve Fund	Rs. 11,21,541

HEAD OFFICE.—LAHORE.

Branches.

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected, and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

SETH GHARIBDAS,
Manager

When you are in the market for Kaminia Oil, see that you get KAMINIA OIL and no other.

SHIPPING.

NIPPON-YUSEN KAISHA.

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.,

(Incorporated in Japan.)

To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commanders.	Tons	Arrival.	Departure
Yebos Maru	S. Kishimoto	4098	23rd July	8th Aug.
Tetom Maru	M. Fujio	3412	5th Aug.	13th Aug.
Meyor Maru	M. Tanizuchi	3773	12th Aug.	22nd Aug.
Yamaguchi Maru	R. Kudo	3700	13th Aug.	22nd Aug
Bombay Maru	Y. Kobayashi	4625	15th Aug.	26th Aug.

For Freight apply to—

T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager.

York Building,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN,

Fleet 120 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 278,600.

Twice a month from BOMBAY to JAPAN, via Singapore

Steamers.	Tons.	Commanders.	Arrivals.	Departures
Saigon Maru ..	4353	Y. Yamamoto	20th July	10th Aug.
Inaho Maru ..	3939	D. Ogawa	29th July	11th Aug.
Java Maru ..	4499	S. Yanagi	13th Aug	24th Aug.
Indo Maru ..	5311	K. Tashiro	22nd Aug.	31st Aug.

For Freight apply to

M. UCHIYAMA,
Agent.

Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,000,000
Reserve Fund	£1,200,000

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombassa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

are granted on the Head Office and Branches, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

F. CORNAGLIA'S

THE FIRM FOR CHOCOLATES.

Just unpacked a large consignment of Cadbury's and Caley's Fancy Boxes,

Price from As. 10 to Rs. 30 each.

FELICE CORNAGLIA
CONFECTIONER
BOMBAY & POONA.

Telegrams "Cornaglia" Telephone No. 42.

BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED.

(Incorporated in England.)

(Bankers to the Government in Busra.)

HEAD OFFICE 4, Crosby Square, London E. C.

Branches at Bombay, Calcutta, Bagdad an Basra.

Authorised Capital	£1,500,000
Called-up Capital	£600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£900,000
Reserve Fund	£55,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Kt.
Sir Jacob E. Sassoon Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
Emile Fransequi, Esq., (Director of the Societe General de Belgique.)
James Leigh Wood, Esq., C. M. G. (Messrs. Brown, Shipley and Co.)
J. C. Georges Bouillat, Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. Gaskell Esq., (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq., (of Martin's Bank Ltd.)

BOMBAY COMMITTEE.

Sir Jacob Sassoon, Bart.
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji Goculadas, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE.

Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON SAVING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at 3½ per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS of EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.

SECURITIES received for Safe Custody and interest and dividends for clients.

L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1880.

Subscribed Capital	Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 30,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 20,400,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	London	San Francisco
Darien (Dalne)	Lyons	Shanghai
Hankow	Fengtien (Mukden)	Sydney (Australia)
Harbin	Nagasaki	Tiehling
Hongkong	Newchwang	Tientsin
Honolulu	New York	Tokyo
Kobe	Osaka	Tsingtau
(Cal. U.S.A.) Los Angles	Pekin	Tsinanfu
Liaoyang		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

M. SHUTO,
Sub-Manager.

Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

FLOORING TILES, MARBLE
MERCHANTS AND
CONTRACTORS.
GAZDAR & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE
HENRY RICHARDS TILE CO.,
28, CHURCH-GATE ST., FORT.
BOMBAY,
BATH TUBS, LAVATORIES. URINALS,
BATHROOM FITTINGS, ETC.

AUCTION SALE

BENNETT & CO.

NO. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT 2ND CARPENTER STREET.

Under instructions from Messrs. Mehta Dalpatram and Lalji attorneys for Bai Laxmibai, widow of Girdharlal Jamnadas and on account of and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Mr. Thakoredas Tribhowandas, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will THIS-DAY WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of August, 1916, at 5 p.m., (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the undermentioned property situate at 2nd Carpenter Street outside the Fort.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of quit and ground rent tenure with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at 2nd Carpenter Street without the Fort of Bombay and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 6601 Street No. 33 and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1734, New No. 8867 Old Survey No. 516 New Survey No. 5259 containing by admeasurement 66.78 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the East by the house of Ganesh Bhanji and Morarji Rattansey on the West by the property of Vithal Anant, on the North by 2nd Carpenter Street and on the South by the property of Virji Shamji.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned or to Messrs. Mehta Dalpatram and Lalji Attorneys for the Vendor at their Office, No 121, Medow Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE BUILDING PLOTS OF LAND, SITUATE AT THE JUNCTION OF NEW REAY ROAD AND NAWAB TANK OVERBRIDGE.

Under instructions from the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the premises, on TUESDAY, the 15th instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), the following plots of building land:—

LOT No. 1.—All that piece of land admeasuring 815 square yards and three-ninths of another square yard or thereabouts, situate on the East side of the New Reay Road, in the City and Island of Bombay, and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and at te junction of that road, on its South side with the Nawab Tank Overbridge, which said piece of land is registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 3597, and is bounded as follows:—That is to say, on the North by the Nawab Tank Overbridge, on the South by the property of Anandrao Vinayek, Sole Surviving Executor of the last Will and Testament of Permanandass Jeewandass, on the East by Lawrence De Lima Street, and on the West by the New Reay Road.

LOT No. 2.—All that piece of land admeasuring 142 square yards and six-ninths of another square yard or thereabouts, situate on the East side of the New Reay Road, in the City and Island of Bombay and at the junction of that road on its South side with the Nawab Tank Overbridge, which piece of land is registered by the Collector of Land Revenue, Bombay, under New Survey No. 3597, and is bounded as follows:—That is to say, on the North by the property of Anandrao Vinayek, Sole Surviving Executor of the last Will and Testament o fPermanandass Jeewandass, on the South by the Nawab Tank Overbridge, on the East by Lawrence De Lima Street, and on the West by the New Reay Road.

Copies of the particulars and conditions of sale, can be obtained at the Office of the Traffic Manager, Bombay Port Trust, Princes Dock, or from the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF BLEACHING POWDER.

Under instructions from Messrs. Mitsui Bussan Kaisha Ltd., Messrs. BENNETT and Company, will on MONDAY the 14th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, on account of the concerned.

About 88 drums of Bleaching powder in small lots to the requirement of purchasers.

ON SATURDAY, the 12th instant at 3 30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece goods etc.

AT 2 p.m. (S.T.)

1 secondhand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram in good order.

1 secondhand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.

1 secondhand glass fronted miniature office brougham.

1 Bay horse, quite in harness and saddle.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSE HOLD FURNITURE.

Suit No. 797 of 1909.

Dewjee Waghjee and others.

v/s.

Hiravahoo widow of Hunsraj Waghjee and others.

Under instruction from Messrs. R. D. Sethna and Dewjee Waghjee the receivers appointed in the above suit, Messrs BENNETT and Co., will on SATURDAY, the 19th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood household furniture such as arm and

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.—(Continued.)

without arm chairs, Chiffaniers, corner cabinets, single and double bedstead carpets, cotton mattresses, blackwood double doors almirahs, writing table, verandah benches, wardrobes, teapoys, Chubb and Milner large and small safes, Austrian safes, copper utensils, etc., etc.

The above will be on view 4 days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 9th August, 1916.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

No. 52, Medows Street.

RARE OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS.

SALE TO-DAY AT 4-30 and 5 P.M. (S.T.).

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT BHULESHWAR BHASKER LANE AND ANANT RISHI'S OART WITHOUT THE FORT.

Under instructions from Messrs. Bhaisanker Kanga and Girdharlal Attorneys for the owners Messrs. Jivraj Shamji and Dayal Shamji, Messrs. Gandhi & Co. auctioneers will THIS DAY Wednesday the 9th instant sell the undermentioned properties by public auction on the premises.

LOT NO. 1.

BHASKER LANE PROPERTY,
at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.)

PARTICULARS:—All those several pieces or parcels of land or ground of Pension and Tax tenure situate in Bhasker Lane Grand Portuguese Church in the registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 1,425 squire yards or thereabouts registered in the books of Collector of Land Revenue under old Nos. 140, 140, 140, 140, 140, 140 new Nos. 1251, 1256, 1246, 1247, 1253, old survey Nos. 287, 287, 287, 287, 287, and 290 and new survey Nos. 1/418, 419, 420 1/411, 421 and 1/423 with the six houses or buildings standing thereon and registered in the books of the Municipality under "C" ward Nos. 4567, 4568, 4569, 4570, 4571, 4572, 4573, and street Nos. 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 1 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the South partly by the property of Jeynarayen Sitaram, partly by the property of Kanji Keshavji, partly by the property of Moreshwar Dadaji and partly by the property of Vendors (Lot No. II) and partly by the property of Sadasukh Hanumantrai on or towards the West by the property of Bhasker Soonderji on or towards the North partly by Gully and property of Sunderrao Keshavrao and Shamrao Keshavrao, and partly by the passage and partly by the property of Vinyak Bhaskerji and on or towards the East partly by the property of Goswamishri Gokaleshji Girdhariji Mahraj, partly by the property of Ranchhordas Talakchand and partly by the property of Ramrao Balkrishna.

LOT NO. 11.

ANANT RISHI'S OART PROPERTY.
at 5p.m. (S. T.).

PARTICULARS:—All that piece or parcel of freehold land or round together with the messuage, tenements, or buildings standing thereon, situate lying and being at Anant Rishis' Wadi without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 208 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's old No. 590 new No. 2804 old survey No. 278 and new suvery No. 413 and bounded on the East by the property of Moreshwar Dadoba Parbhu, on the West by the property of Marwadi Sadasukh Gambhirmal, on the North by the Property of Vendors (Lot No. I.) and on the south by a public Road called or known as Anant Rishis' Wadi and the buildings whereon are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under "C" ward No. 4520, Street No. 14.

For further particulars and conditions of sale and inspection of title deeds application may be made to the Vendors' Attorneys Messrs. Bhaishanker Kanga and Girdharlal at their offices in Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort or to the undersigned.

N. B Special attention is drawn to the fact that such a large piece of Pension and tax land of 1425 yards is rarely available in Bhuleshwar Locality.

GANDHI & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 9th Aug. 1916.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS PENSION FUND LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1876.
No. 273, Hornby Road, near Fire Brigade Station.
Funded Capital over Two Lakhs.
Investments in Government and approved Securities only.
Regular Deposit with the Controller of Currency of the Government of India in terms of the Insurance Act.
The Accounts are subject to strict audit according to Indian Company's Act.
Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.
The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. Liberal Surrender Value in case the wife predeceased. Twelve months' grace if the occupation is lost.
Commission to canvassers.
For details apply for a copy of Rules to
GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary & Treasurer.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

"WANTED," "TO LET" AND "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headlines count as two lines.

Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.

Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Vouchers given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES.
may be had on application to—
The Manager, "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—"Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand, and Shorthand Speed Classes, Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas Laldas, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

TWO SECOND CLASS PASSAGES from Colombo to Kobe (Japan) by "Messageries Maritimes," to be transferred on reduction. Apply sharp. Box 118 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4881

A STROLOGER Mr. HANUMANPARSAD PANDE, KASHIWALA, Thakordwar Road, Jeteker's Chawl, Bombay, foretells Teji, Mandi with exact figure showing annas and pies for cotton, silver, shares, etc., (Time 10 a.m. to 5 p.m.). 4754

ALL forms of Leprosy, Leucoderma, sores, piles, patches, and various blood impurities cured in four weeks, Rs. 5 per week. Two days' medicines gratis for trial. LILY COTTAGE, Simla, Calcutta.

WANTED

WANTED—Second-hand ENCYCLOPAEDIA of "Forms and Precedents." Apply to Box No. 10, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1080

WANTED—A complete second-hand cotton PRESSING PLANT. Write C. M. Hirakhanwala, Jalna. 4857

WANTED by EDUCATED FRENCHMAN PUPILS desirous of learning French quickly and thoroughly. Translations undertaken, MONSIUER FALLOFIELD, Rafiya Manzil, Wodehouse Road. 1035

WANTED—An ASSISTANT (Civil) ENGINEER with practical previous experience of Railway Works. Apply with copies of testimonials stating minimum salary expected, etc., to the ENGINEER IN CHARGE, Matheran Railway, Neral (G. I. P. Railway). 4805

WANTED—A HINDOO LADY to teach English, Gujarati, Music, Sewing, Knitting, etc., to girls in a Hndoo family in Bombay from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Apply with testimonials stating pay required to Box No. 111, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4845

WANTED—A duly qualified CHEMIST as LABORATORY ASSISTANT, having knowledge of inorganic and organic chemistry and able to conduct qualitative and quantative analysis. Salary not exceeding Rs. 40 per mensem. Apply to Box No. 107, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4834

WANTED.—For the Deccan British War Hospital, Poona, a qualified COMPOUNDER and DRESSER. Pay Rs. 40 per mensem No rations or quarters. Selected candidate must be prepared to enrol in the Medical Department for the period of the War. Apply with copies of testimonials to, the OFFICER COMMANDING, Deccan British War Hospital, Poona. 4879

WANTED—For a Girls' High School, Fort, Bombay. TWO LADY TEACHERS for Standards VII and V to teach general English, History, Geography, Elementary, Mathematics. Salary Rs. 70 and Rs. 50 with annual increments if satisfactory. Extra remuneration if able to teach Physical Drill. Apply to Box No. 117, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 4880

APPLICATIONS are invited for (1) a Chair in English and History. Pay upto 350-25-400 according to qualifications. (2) a Chair in Philosophy and Economics Pay up to 200-20-250 according to qualification.

Applicants are requested to state, age, experience and academic qualifications. The candidates selected will be on probation for a year.

Applications with copies of testimonials should reach the undersigned on or before the 31st of August.

T. L. VASWANI,
Principal, Mohindar College, Patiala. 4855

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.—One WESTING HOUSE D. C. shunt wound 15 B. H. P. 460 Volts, 960/1100 R. P. M., complete with shunt regulator, and pulley. Apply to Box No. 15, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1085

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—In good working order, Marshall Sons & Co., trip gear valve Engine Cylinders high and low 10 by 17½. Stroke 24 Revolutions 125. BEJONJI and JALBHOY DHANBHOORA Co., Bulsar. 4760

MENOIS GOLD PILLS cure constipation and impart vigour and strength to every limb and organ. Rs. 2 cash or V. P. Agency, at 322, Kalbadevi Bombay. 4821

BLACK HAIR or money returned. The "MORNING STAR" makes your Grey Hair a beautiful Black-natural-glossy. Does not stain the skin. Per box Rs. 1-8, post free, from BATLIBOI & Co., 249, Forbes Street, or THE AGENT, 18, Bank Street, Fort, Bombay. 4753

ENGLISH Dessert Apples and Pears. 9 lbs. nett, by V. P. parcel post, for Rs. 3/8, all charges included. Apply to CAPTAIN BANON, the Manali Orchards, Kulu, Punjab.—Telegrams CAPTAIN BANON, Kulu. 4504

FOR SALE.—One HYDRAULIC BALING PRESS with 12in. Ram, 6ft.—6in. and 6ft.—0in. by 3ft.—8in. table complete with pumping by John Shaw and Sons. Can be seen in good working order. Apply to the Agents, Bechardass Mills, Ahmedabad. 4819

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET—Deolali—CAMP VIEW, Nasik Road. For rent, etc., apply Mr. CAMA, c/o "Bombay Chronicle." 1090

TO BE LET—An airy and spacious Bungalow with large compound, opposite the Byculla Club, and some comfortable flats in Raja Bahadur Motilal Buildings at the junction of Bellasis and Lamington Roads. Rents moderate. Apply to the BILL COLLECTOR on the premises or to RAJA BAHADUR SHIVLAL MOTILAL, 14, Hummum Street, Fort. 4833

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Bai COOVERBAI widow of LIMJIBHOY PESTONJI RUSTOMFRAMNA has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. All persons therefore claiming to have any right, title, or interest, therein either by way of sale, mortgage, lease, charge, gift, inheritance, bequest, or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known to the undersigned at their office at 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise at the expiration of the said period the sale will be completed and all such claims, if any will be considered to have been waived.

SCHEDULE

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage tenement, dwelling house and building standing thereon and being on the East side of Gola Lane, within the Fort of Bombay in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 97 square yards and 4/9th of a square yard or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 493, and New No. 5593 Old Survey No. 1163 and New Survey No. 8833 and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Assessment under Ward No. 2463 and Street No. 26 and bounded as follows, that is to say on or towards the East by a sweeper's passage and beyond it by the property of the trustees of the Damnia Bhansar caste and on or towards the West by the said Gola Lane and on or towards the North by the house of Framji Pestonji Pir all which said premises were formerly occupied by the tenants of the Vendor and now vacant.

Dated this 8th day of August. 1916.

ARDESIR HORMUSJEE DINSHAW & Co.,
4877 Vendor's Attorneys.

SALE OF COTTON AND SILK MILLS

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO MILL OWNERS.

PURSUANT to the directions contained in the Order dated 13th day of March, 1916, made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in suit No. 554 of 1915 (Raja Bahadur Shivlal Motilal vs. The Poona Cotton and Silk Manufacturing Co., Ltd., in liquidation and others, and under the instructions of Mr. R. D. Sethna and Mr. J. P. De Souza, the Joint Liquidators of the said Poona Cotton and Silk Manufacturing Co., Ltd. in liquidation, the undersigned will put up for sale at the mill premises at Poona, by PUBLIC AUCTION on SUNDAY, the 20th day of August, 1916, at 4 p.m., the whole of the said Poona and Cotton Silk Mills including all the lands (except those given on lease to the Poona Swadeshi Weaving Co., Ltd.) buildings machinery and appurtenances thereto free from all incumbrances as per the following description.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All those pieces or parcels of land (except that given on lease to the Poona Swadeshi Weaving Company Limited) admeasuring 23 acres or thereabouts with the Mill Buildings Engine and Boiler house Chimneys Flues Machines, Store Rooms, Dye Houses, Bungalows, Godowns and Sheds and other buildings and Structures standing thereon situate at Poona in the District and Collectorate of Poona and which have been numbered by the Collectors of land Revenue under No. 17 (part) No. 18 (part) and No. 19 and which have been assessed by the Municipal Assessor under No. 217 and are bounded on the North by the River Mulla on the South by a Public Road on the West by Fields, and on the East also by fields.

For particulars and conditions of Sale apply to the undersigned or to Messrs. Ardesir Hormusji Dinshaw and Co., Solicitors for the Liquidators at No. 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and also to the office of the Liquidators in the Mill premises at Poona on and after the 20th day of July instant.

The property will be kept open to view for intending purchasers 8 days before the date of Sale from 12 noon to 4 p.m. every day.

LUDHA EBRAIM & CO.,
4674 Poona.

NOTICES.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

FOUR AND-A-HALF PER CENT. DEBENTURE LOAN, 1916.

TWENTY YEARS—Rs. 25,00,000.
REPAYABLE 1st NOVEMBER, 1936.

TENDERS TO BE RECEIVED UP TO 1 p.m. (S.T.) ON THURSDAY, 16TH AUGUST 1916.

With the sanction of the Government of India, and by virtue of the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1879, as from time to time amended, the Trustees of the Port of Bombay invite tenders for Port Trust Debentures to the extent in the aggregate of Rs. 25 lakhs.

2. The Trustees reserve to themselves the right of refusing all or any of the tenders if they consider the rates offered to be too low, but, subject to this reservation, allotments will be made to the highest Tenderers, and rateably to the Tenderers offering the lowest rate accepted by the Trustees, provided that no allotment will be issued if the amount distributable to any Tenderer is less than Rs. 500.

3. These Debentures will be issued for sums of Rs. 500 or multiples of Rs. 500 as may be required; they will be repayable at par to the holder in twenty years from 1st November 1916, and will bear interest at 4½ per cent. per annum, payable half-yearly on the 1st May and 1st November in every year.

4. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of 5 per cent of the amount applied for. In the case of accepted tenders interest will be allowed on the deposit from the date of allotment. The balance of 95 per cent shall be paid on or before 31st October 1916 but interest in respect thereof will only accrue from the date of payment in full.

5. The application deposit will be returned (without interest) if no allotment is made. If the tender is accepted, the application deposit, together with the accrued interest thereon, will be forfeited if the allotment is not fully paid up by the 31st October 1916.

6. Tenders will be received by the Chief Accountant, Port Trust, up to one o'clock p.m. (S.T.) on Thursday 10th August 1916, and they will thereafter be opened in the presence of the Chairman of the Port Trust.

7. Each Tender should be enclosed with the five per cent deposit in a sealed cover superscribed "Tender for the Bombay Port Trust 4½ per cent Loan of 1916."

8 Printed forms of Tender can be obtained on application to the Chief Accountant, Port Trust, at whose office a form of the Debenture to be issued can be seen.

9. Under Section 47 of the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1879, the interest on these Debentures will form a charge on the Trustees' revenue prior to the charge for interest on any portion of the Trustees' debt to Government which may, from time to time be owing.

10. In accordance with the power contained in Section 20, clause (f), of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882, the Bombay High Court has passed a rule declaring that Trust property consisting of money may be invested in debentures issued by the Trustees of the Port of Bombay under the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1879, until further order. Orders to the same effect have been passed by the Chief Courts and Authorities of Madras, Punjab, Coorg, Sind and Lower Burmah.

By order of the Trustees,

J. TYERS,
Acting Secretary.

Bombay, 25th July 1916.

FORM OF TENDER.

I.....

hereby tender for Rupees.....

of Bombay Port Trust Debentures of the above Loan and agree to pay for the same, subject to the conditions advertised at the rate of Rupees.....

Annas.....for every Hundred Rupees alloted to me.

I enclose Rupees*.....

and engage, if my offer be accepted, to pay to the account of the Trustees at the Bank of Bombay the balance on or before the 31st October, 1916, in terms of the Trustees' Notification.

I require the amount in.....

Debentures of Rupees.....each.

(Signature) .....

(Address) .....

*NOTE.—This should be 5 per cent. of the amount tendered for.

To be presented at the office of the Chief Accountant, Bombay Port Trust, Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay, before 1 p.m. (S.T.) on 10th August 1916.

4763.

NOTICE.

THE EMPRESS SPINNING & WEAVING CO., LD.
THE CONNAUGHT MILLS CO., LD.
THE IMPERIAL COTTON MILLS CO., LD.
THE JAMES GREAVES MILLS CO., LD.
(In Voluntary Liquidation.)

SEALED TENDERS are invited by Sir Sassoon J. David, Bart., and W. Turner Green, Esq., C.A., the Liquidators of the above Mills for the purchase of the same in one lot at their Office No. 1 Forbes Street, Bombay, up to 5 p.m. (Standard Time) on FRIDAY, the 18th AUGUST, 1916, at which time all Tenders will be opened by the Liquidators in the presence of their Solicitor.

Particulars and Conditions of Sale for each separate Mill are the same as when the Mills were recently advertised for sale by auction except as regards the conditions of payment of deposit, which shall be 5% (five per cent.) with tender, as hereinafter mentioned, and 20% (twnty per cent.) on acceptance of the Tender. A copy of these Conditions may be had, if desired, either at the Office of the Liquidators, No. 1 Forbes Street, aforesaid, or their Attorneys, Messrs. Payne & Co., Treacher's Building, Esplanade Road.

No Tender will be considered unless accompanied by a deposit in cheque or cash of 5% (five per cent.) on the amount tendered.

The Liquidators are not bound to accept the highest or any Tender.

If any Tender is not accepted the deposit will be returned in full without interest.

Acceptance, if any, of a Tender will be notified not later than 2 (two) days after the said 18th current.

SASSOON DAVID,
W. TURNER GREEN,
Liquidators.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

SIR RATAN TATA intends to give away his bungalow at Ootacamund, known as "Harrow-on-the-Hill," one of the finest properties on that hill, together with a cash donation of Rs. 10,000 for necessary repairs and equipment for the initiation of a new, or the development and improvement of an existing object of real public utility, subject to proper management and permanent maintenance, thereof being secured. He will be glad to receive before the 31st of August, at his office Navsari Chambers Fort, applications and suggestions or recommendations calculated to enectuate the object in view. These will be considered and disposed of by a Committee appointed by him for this purpose. 4878

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

(Incorporated in England.)

BOOKING OF PARCELS FROM STATIONS IN BOMBAY.

ON and from the 15th August, 1916, the offices at the undermentioned stations will be open for the booking of ordinary parcels from 7 o'clock to 19 o'clock (Standard Time) only, with the exception of packages containing ice and perishables, which will be received up to 19-30 (Standard Time).

Victoria Terminus.
Masjid.
Mazgaon.
Byculla.
Chinchpokli.
Currey Road.
Parel.
Dadar.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 3rd August, 1916. 262

THE SIMPLEX MILLS COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that in the Board of Directors meeting held to day, an adinterim dividend at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum equal to Rs. 15 per share, for the half year ended 30th June, 1916, has been declared payable on and after the 31st August, 1916, in the Company's registered office, between the hours of 12 noon and 3-30 p.m. (excepting Saturdays when it will be paid between 12 noon and 1-30 p.m.) to those shareholders whose names appear on the register of the Company upto the evening of the 14th instant.. The Shareholders are requested to communicate to the Agents change in their address to prevent Dividend warrant being mis-sent.

By order of the Board of Directors.

D. M. WADIA & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 7th August, 1916.

N. B.—The SHARE REGISTER will be closed from the 15th to 30th instant, both days inclusive. 4876

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S.S. ASIA MARU.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per S.S. "ASIA MARU," from Hongkong, Singapur and Colombo, are hereby informed that the steamer is expected to arrive here on the 11th instant, and will discharge in the Docks.

Consignees are requested to present their Bills of Lading for delivery orders and to take delivery immediately after the cargo is landed.

Captain A. Ericson of Messrs. Ericson and Richards, will attend every morning between 8 and 9 a.m. to survey torn and damaged bags.

No survey will be held after seven days from day of landing.

Cargo removed from the landing shed or warehoused is not entitled to survey.

Claims if any should be submitted to the undersigned within one month from the arrival of the steamer, otherwise they will not be entertained.

MIRZA MOHAMED SHIRAZEE,
Charterer.
72, Apollo Street, Fort.
Bombay, 7th August, 1916. 4859

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that MARIA ESPERANCE VALLES, executrix of the last Will and Testament of DANIEL FRANCIS VALLES, of Bombay East Indian Inhabitant has contracted to sell to my client the property described in the Schedule hereunder written.

All persons having any claims against the said property whether by way of inheritance, gift, mortgage, charge, lien, lease or otherwise are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his office at No. 99, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof; otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Pension and Tax tenure according to the Collector's bills together with the messuages tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon situate lying and being at Hasali Tank Road, Dadar, without the Fort of Bombay and in the registration District and Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 7,956 Square Yards or thereabouts and bounded on or towards the North by the properties of Donaji Ramji and Babu Senoy, on or towards the South by the Public Road, on or towards the East by the property of Jagannath Amratrao and on or towards the West by the property of Raghoba Bhorkar and which said premises are registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 42-42 and New Nos. 3545, 3557 Old Survey No. 273 and New Survey No. 1431 and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward G No. 4189, 4190 (1) 4190 (2) and Street Nos. 550, 551, 551A Hasaly Tank Road.

Dated this 8th day of August, 1916.

DOWLATRAO JAYARAM MANTRI,
4882 Purchaser's Attorney.

NOTICE.

DWARKADAS KHETSEY, Articled Clerk to Mr. Dharamsey J. Thhakar, Solicitor, and now residing in Ghellabhai's Chawl at Chowpatty, is separate from me as and from 1st January, 1916, and is no longer a member of my family. I have constituted my two sons, Jamnadas and Mulraj, who are living with me and are under my care and protection, my true and lawful heirs.

KHETSEY KARA.
73, Harvey Road, Chowpatty,
Bombay, 1st August, 1916. 4874

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

WE are appointed General Agents for Bombay Presidency for the EASTERN UNITED ASSURANCE CORPORATION LD., and are prepared to accept fire risks at Tariff rates.

M. KANJI & CO.,
4858 25-29, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE SHARE of Mr. MATHURADAS MANJI in the partnership firm of Damodar Khetsey, carrying on business as piece-goods merchants at 15, Military Square Lane, Fort, Bombay, has CEASED by mutual arrangement as and from 1st February, 1916.

KHETSEY KARA,
LILADHER KARA.

Partners in the said firm of Damodar Khetsey.
Bombay, 1st August, 1916. 4875

THE PERSIAN GULF STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

WE HAJI SULTANALLI SHUSHTARY & Co., Agents of the Persian Gulf Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., of Bombay, hereby give notice that in consequence of the terms of the agreement of purchase of the steamer SUNSTREAM, we have applied to the Board of Trade, under Section 47 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, in respect of the ship SUNSTREAM of Bombay official No. 108686 of gross tonnage 2664 tons, register tonnage 1718.12 tons, heretofore owned by the Sun Shipping Co., Ltd., of 8, St. Helens Place, London, for permission to change her name to "SHUSHTAR" and to have her registered in the new name at the port of Bombay as owned by the Persian Gulf Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.

Any objections to the proposed change of name must be sent to the Registrar of Shipping, Bombay within seven days from the appearance of this advertisement.

Dated at Bombay this 4th day of August, 1916.

HAJI SULTANALLI SHUSHTARY & Co.,
4846 Agents

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that our clients AMERSEY KANJI and MORARJI KANJI have contracted to purchase from Bai CHHAGBAI, widow of Datoobai Hassum, ABDOOLLABHAI DATOOBHAI HASSUM, RAJABALLY DATOOBHAI HASSUM, SHERMAHOMED DATOOBHAI HASSUM, MAHOMED HOSSEIN DATOOBHAI HASSUM, the last two being minors under the age of 18 years by their guardians the said Abdoolabhai Datoobhai Hassum and Rajabally Datoobhai Hassum and CASSUMALLY ABDULLABHAI DATOOBHAI HASSUM, a minor under the age of 18 years by his guardian the said Abdullabhai Datoobhai Hassum the under mentioned property known as the Datoobhai Mansions.

All persons having any claims against the said property by way of inheritance, charges, gift, mortgage, lease, lien, sale, trust or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office No. 65, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claims and if the same if any will be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Leasehold land or ground being Plot No. 75 situate at Sandhurst Road being Scheme III Estate of the Improvement Trust of the City of Bombay in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 849 square yards or thereabouts and bearing New Survey No. 5431-5439 and part of 5440 together with the messuages tenements and buildings standing thereon bearing Ward Nos. 1862-1863, 1864-1865 and Street Nos. 83, 85-95, 97-111, 113-117 and bounded as follows: that is to say on or towards the East by Plot No. 76, on or towards the West by the junction of the Sandhurst Road and Khetwady Main Road, on or towards the North by the Sandhurst Road and on or towards the South by the Khetwady Main Road and which said hereditaments and premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendors.

Dated this 5th day of August, 1916.

EDGELOW GULABCHAND WADIA & CO.,
4860 Solicitors for the Purchasers.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

TENDERS FOR THE PURCHASE OF SECONDHAND MATERIAL AND UNSERVICEABLE STORES, VIZ: RAIL PIECES, CAST AND WROUGHT IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, TYRES AND WHEELS SCRAP, BRASS BORINGS, LEAD SCRAP, LAMPS ELECTRIC, ETC., ETC.

THE AGENT is prepared to receive TENDERS at his office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (S.T.) on WEDNESDAY, the 30th August, 1916, for the purchase of above which can be seen on application to the Company's Wharf Superintendent, Wadi Bunder, Assistant Storekeeper, Jhansi, Branch Stores Depot, Matunga and at this Depot.

TENDERS.—These must be made out in the Company's authorised Forms, which can be had on application to the Undersigned at his office on payment of Rs. 2 per copy.

TERMS.—A sum equivalent to 10 per cent of value of the material tendered for (subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,000 and a minimum of Rs. 200 only) must accompany each Tender, along with a cash deposit form, which is supplied gratis on application as a guarantee of good faith in due fulfilment of contract, failure shall entail the forfeiture of the deposit without the Railway having to prove any loss by the transaction. Only cash or currency notes of the Bombay circle if over Rs. 100 (on which no interest will be allowed) or Government Promissory Notes will be received as deposits, and if the latter they must be endorsed. "Pay Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company or Order." Interest on Government Promissory Notes lodged with the Company as Tender Deposits will not be realised by the Company unless such interest is payable at Bombay.

PAYMENT.—To be made to the Assistant Auditor and Accountant-in-Charge, Cash Office, Bombay, on receipt of acceptance of the offer.

NOTE.—The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.

Applicants are requested not to tender for more material than they are able to pay for and remove within one month from the date of acceptance of Tender.

G. R. WEBB,
General Storekeeper.
General Storekeeper's Office,
Parel, 29th July, 1916. 4817

AUCTION SALE.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO

ON GOVERNMENT AND G. I. P. RY. LISTS.

No. 53, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Telephone No. 1235.

Residence Tele. No. 696.

BONA-FIDE SALE.
AN OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE BRAND NEW SAFES.

AUCTION SALE of Really High Class Fire and Burglar Resisting Bent Iron "Tosh" Safes, Fitted with "Tosh Special 8 Lever Locks" and Secret Drawers.

SIZES TO SUIT ALL PURCHASERS.

On THURSDAY, the 10th August, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, without Reserve and to the Highest Bidder at their Rooms, at Medows Street, Fort, an Invoice just received of a regular set of Brand New Safes from the well-known Safe Manufacturers, Messrs. Tosh and Coy., consisting of the following very high class Fire and Burglar Resisting Bent Iron Safes, fitted with "Tosh Special 8 Lever Locks," and Secret Contrivanced Sovereign Box.

1 Iron Safe 33 by 24 by 24.
1 Iron Safe 34 by 24 by 24.
1 Iron Safe 30 by 24 by 24.
1 Iron Safe 22 by 18 by 18.

The above safes are on view.

Note:—There are no two opinions in the public about the sound making of "Tosh" Safes. After once using "Tosh," you would call No Other "Make" "Safe" you must have "Tosh" and you recommend "Tosh."

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 9th August. 1916.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE BOMBAY

FAVOURITE RESORT OF THE ELITE OF BOMBAY.

EVERY EVENING AT 6-45 & 10.

BRILLIANT AND POPULAR PROGRAMME.

"THE PRECIOUS PACKET".

A 5-reel Gold Rooster Play featuring MISS LOIS MEREDITH. An English Secret Service man, while investigating a foreign plot in Canada, is caught by the conspirators, but his life is saved by one of them, a beautiful girl, whom he eventually marries. The race scene in Part 1 is the most thrilling sporting event ever screened.

"FROM BAD TO WORSE."

Heinie, one of the Pathe Starlight comedians, saved a married lady from drowning and is being handsomely rewarded when her husband comes along and kicks him out of the house.

"THE SUGAR INDUSTRY IN CUBA."

A Pathe Educational Film showing how sugar is grown, gathered and prepared for shipment.

WHAT THE PRESS SAYS:—

"The whole bill realises the ideal of the management: it is exhilarating, robust, clever and exceedingly attractive."—TIMES OF INDIA.

"This Programme is certain to attract large houses"—ADVOCATE OF INDIA.

THE BEST THEATRE ORCHESTRA IN THE EAST.

Prices: Re. 1-8, Re. 1, Ans. 8 and 4.
Box seats Rs. 2.

YOU ARE INVITED

To see the Series-Serial of 18 Author Drawing Power, Universal's latest and biggest serial supreme

"GRAFT"

Third Instalment. 3 Episodes.

It is modern to the minute——with swifter action than any preceding picture——popular with Cine-goers everywhere——the one and only of its kind.

Time: 7, 8-45, 10-30 Nightly.
USUAL HALF RATES.
Re. 1 to As. 2.
AT
NEW ALEXANDRA
NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET.
Tel. No. 1882.

P. WARUSAWATANE BROS.

JEWELLERS AND DEALERS IN PRECIOUS STONES.

A large selection of Ceylon hand-made laces always in stock.

CEYLON DEPOT,
Opp. G. P. O., Fort Street,
BOMBAY.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 09 April, 2017

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE 6-30 & 9-45 p.m.

Pathe Freres Ld. present THEIR GREAT COMEDY SERIAL,

"THE ADVENTURES OF J. RUFUS WALLINGFORD"

Adventure I. "The Bungalow Bungle". Adventure II "Three Rings and a Goat". Wallingford is the most delightful rogue ever conceived. He is a modern "Dick Turpin". His Schemes of Fantastic Finance are the very essence of Frenzied Fun. Wallingford fleeces the guilty to recompense the Innocent on the principle of "Setting a thief to catch a thief."

This week 2 complete Episodes 2,000 feet each.

GEORGIE DEVOE	CHARLOTTA
in low comedy.	Dancer.

BRULL and HEMSLEY

in Pot Pourri of Burlesque and Eccentric Dancing.

AMERICA-INDIA CINEMA

CHARNI ROAD TO-NIGHT TEL. No. 1271

A Thrilling and Sensational Melodrama.

Three Parts—Exclusive.

THE CYPHER KEY.

An absorbing story of a golden gang's attempts to get possession of important state documents, and how their machinations were frustrated by a clever American.

—SEE—

The thrillng race between an aeroplane and a motor-car.
The exciting, nerve tingling race between two motor-boats.
Masterpiece of cinematography. A real thriller.

FOR SALE 5,00,000 feet of Films for Sale. Feature, dramatic, comic, and coloured films in big lots. Apply Manager.

3 Shows Nightly—6-45 to 8-15; 8-30 to 10, 10-15 to 11-45.
Prize Shows—Saturdays and Sundays 5 to 6-30.

OLYMPIA CINEMA.

TO-NIGHT. Sandhurst Road. TO-NIGHT.

PATHE'S GRAND SERIAL

EXPLOITS OF ELAINE.

First 8 parts weekly.

Don't miss it: Full of Science and Art:

WITH 12 CASH PRIZES OF Rs. 1,000.

THE WINNERS OF MILLION DOLLAR MYSTERY AND BROKEN COIN.

Class.	I Prize.	II.	III.	IV.	V.	VI.
BOX	467 I. Coiran	784 M. Dayaram	813 Joesph.	461 Bulsara.	987	1349
FIRST.	12752	4830 Ladak	12611 C. Remtulla	4851 S. Mohmed	7237	6361 G. Bhaichund
SECOND.	37607 G. Purshotam	31295	3377 S. Razi.	28058	8587 M. Jiwaji.	31855 Bhansali
THIRD	29675	12233 T. Sarkari	11138 Bhinde	24080 Govind	32639	9353

FUND

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BELGIAN CHILDREN

Y.M.C.A. Wodehouse Road.

A CONCERT in aid of the above, will be given by the Children of the Indo-British Institution in the Hall of the Young Men's Christian Association on

Wednesday, August 9th, 1916

At 9-30 p.m.

THE HON. SIR F. L. SPROTT has kindly consented to preside.

Interesting Musical items, in character, will be given by the Children, kindly assisted by well known musical friends of Bombay.

Rs. 2, Re. 1, Annas 8.

N. B.—If unable to attend yourself, please buy a ticket and present it to a wounded soldier.

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WEATHER REPORT

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Aug. 8.

The monsoon again has been active over almost the whole country and rainfall in places has been moderately heavy. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar, United Provinces, East and North Punjab, Kashmir, Rajputana, Gujerat, Central India, Konkan, Hyderabad, Mysore, Malabar, Madras Deccan and North Madras Coast; local in Upper Burma, Orissa, the North-West Frontier Province. A few falls also occurred in the Central Provinces and South-East Madras.

The principal amounts are:—Tavoy, Moulmein two inches; Kyaukpyp, Bhamo one and half; Lashio, Dhubri one; Cherrapunji eleven; Shilleng two; Dibrugarh, Sibsagar, Berhampore, Dinajpur one and a half; Bogra, Jalpaiguri, Darbhanga four; Patna, Dehra Dun two; Mainpuri, Mussooree three; Chakrata one and a half; Gorakhpur one; Ludhiana, Murree two; Rawalpindi, Sonamarg one; Bikaner three; Jaipur, Mount Abu two, Ahmedabad, Seoni one; Ratnagiri four; Karwar two; Mangalore, Kodaikanal one and a half; Negapatam, Cuddapah, Masulipatam two; Kurnool and Nellore one.

Forecast: Extension of rain into south-west Punjab.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hours to 8 a.m. of 8th Aug. 1916.	Total since June 1st 1916.	June 1st to Aug. 8th. 1915.	1914.
Colaba [Observatory]	0.88	60.96	56.77	51.19
Fort [St. George's Hospital] ..	0.47	68.12	60.32	52.63
Esplanade [Gok. Tej. Hospital] .	0.52	66.60	56.71	54.56
Byculla [J. J. Hospital] ..	0.54	70.29	62.53	59.82

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 7th Aug. 1916.

Means of observations taken at 6 a. m. 10 a. m. 2 p. m. 4 p. m. and 10 p. m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr	29.651 Inch.
Temperature of Air.....	79.8 Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer.....	77.6 "
Dew Point	76.6 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.906 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy=10).....	10.0 "
Maximum temperature of Air.....	81.5 "
Minimum..... do.....	77.8 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight.....	W,WSW.
Movement of Wind do. do....	223 miles.
Fall of Rain.....	0.65 inches
Total fall during month.....	12.03 "
Do, do, year	60.79 "
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 8th Aug.....	0.28 "

SUN, MOON AND TIDES IN BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time.	Depth on Sill	LOW WATER. Day of Month.	Bombay Mean time.	Depth on Sill
	Aug.	h. m.	ft. in.	Aug.	h. m.	ft. in.
Tues.	8	m 6 4	25 0	8	m 11 32	21 7
		6 19a	24 11			
Wed.	9	m 7 29	25 6	9	m 0 11	17 2
		6 45a	24 8		1 30a	21 6
Thur.	10	m 8 51	26 5	10	m 1 29	16 8
		8 15a	25 1		2 49a	20 7
Fri.	11	m 9 46	27 7	11	m 2 37	16 0
		9 26a	26 0		3 49a	19 4
Sat	12	m 10 33	28 7	12	m 3 36	15 4
		10 25a	27 0		4 35a	18 0
Sun.	13	m 11 16	29 5	13	m 4 27	14 10
		11 15a	27 11		5 11a	16 10
Mon.	14	m 11 57	29 9	14	m 5 15	14 9
					6 1a	15 1

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

Aug.	Sunrise	Sunset
" 8 (Tuesday)	6h. 18m.	7h. 11m.
" 9 (Wednesday)	6h. 18m.	7h. 11m.
" 10 (Thursday)	6h. 18m.	7h. 10m.
" 11 (Friday)	6h 19m.	7h. 9m.
" 12 (Saturday)	6h 19m	7h. 9m.
" 13 (Sunday)	6h. 19m.	7h. 8m.
" 14 (Monday)	6h 20m.	7h. 7m.

PHASES OF THE MOON:—

First Quarter	1916 Aug. 7d.	2h. 35.6	a.m.
Full Moon	" " 13d.	5h. 30.3	p.m.
Last Quarter	" " 20d.	9h. 22.8	p.m.
New Moon	" " 28d.	10h. 54.7	p.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 8th August 1916 giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rainfall has been local; Rawalpindi has had 0.92in., Hissar 0.62in. and Ambala 0.70in. Skies are heavily clouded. The air is damper than usual. Day temperature is in defect in the north and the east Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Agra and Cawnpore have had 0.12in. each, Mainpuri 2.91in. and Allahabad 0.83in. Skies are heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess.

Sind and Rajputana.—Rainfall has been nearly general in Rajputana; Bikaner has had 3.02in., Mount Abu 2.08in., Ajmer 0.67in., Jaipur 2.43in. and Kotah 0.77in. Skies are lightly clouded in upper Sind and moderately or heavily clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in defect in Rajputana, night temperature is in excess in upper Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Rainfall has been nearly general in Gujarat and Central India West and local in Kathiawar; Dwarka has had 0.45in., Veraval 0.12in., Surat 0.78in., Ahmedabad 1.13in., Deesa 0.13in., Neemuch 0.14in. and Indore 0.18in. Skies are heavily clouded.

The Central Provinces.—Chanda reports 0.15in. of rain. Skies are moderately clouded. Day temperature is in excess in the extreme eastern districts of the reporting area.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Bombay has had 0.88in., Ratnagiri 3.75in., Mormugao 0.39in and Karwar 2.08in. Skies are heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Rainfall has been nearly general in Hyderabad; Aurangabad has had 0.20in., Nizamabad 0.50 in. and Hyderabad 0.21in. In the Bombay Deccan, Sholapur reports 0.24in. of rain. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been nearly general on the west coast of the Peninsula, and in Rajputana, the United Provinces, Gujarat, Central India West and Hyderabad and local in the Punjab, Kathiawar, the Madras Deccan and Mysore and on the Coromandel coast while some showers have fallen in the south-east Central Provinces and the Bombay Deccan. There has been a considerable decrease in the rainfall in the east Punjab, the Central Provinces and the Bombay Deccan, but an increase in Rajputana, Gujarat, Kathiawar, the Konkan, the Madras Deccan and on the Coromandel coast.

Nearly general rain is likely on the west coast of the Peninsula, fairly general rain in Rajputana, local rain in the Punjab, the United Provinces, Gujarat and Kathiawar and some showers in the Deccan, south-east Madras and the Central Provinces. A general decrease of rainfall may occur.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 a. m. on TUESDAY, the 8th of August 1916

STATIONS	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours	Minimum of past 24 hours	Humidity. 8 A. M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours	Total 1st June to date.	Departure 1st June to date.
ARABIAN GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (7th Aug.)	97.7	88.2	86	..	0	0
Jask	92.6	84.0	81	..	0.03	—0.03
Do. (Aug.)	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muskat	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (Aug.)	..	..	..	..	..	..
PUNJAB—						
Multan	100.5	82.8	87	0.04	2.63	—0.61
Rawalpindi	82.4	74.6	90	0.92	17.25	4.82
Lahore	90.8	78.2	91	..	18.82	10.16
Hissar	91.7	76.5	93	0.62	9.09	..
Ambala	90.7	6.8	93	0.70	20.12	6.64
Delhi	80.2	78.0	92	..	13.35	—0.46
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	96.3	79.1	89	0.12	12.73	—1.76
Mainpuri	91.7	77.2	96	2.91	21.12	8.10
Jhansi	88.4	77.0	89	..	21.46	0.97
Cawnpore	..	..	..	..	..	..
Allahabad	88.6	77.6	89	0.83	35.67	16.06
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	106.3	88.4	75	..	0.24	—1 40
Karachi	87.5	81.4	84	..	7 43	2.87
Ajmer	84.6	76.2	93	0.61	11.84	0.09
Jaipore	88.6	79.6	92	2.43	9.39	—2 77
Kotah	84.6	77.6	77	0.77	16.40	0.97
Mount Abu	71.8	66.2	99	2.08	23.80	—11.24
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	89.6	77.1	89	0.03	5.97	—3.37
Dwarka	84.0	77.7	89	0.45	7.56	—2 61
Veraval	82.1	79.6	68	0.12	13.72	1.41
Rajkot	86.4	74.3	80	0.03	14.10	—3.48
Bhavnagar Para	91.6	76.6	80	0.06	9.74	—1.52
Surat	93.7	75.7	92	0.78	33.41	6 84
Ahmedabad	91.1	76 0	86	1.13	10.75	—8.55
Deesa	89.0	68.0	90	0.13	4.31	—9 67
Neemuch	82.9	70.2	90	0.14	17.46	2.38
Indore	82.6	72.8	86	0.18	22.83	4.93
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	88.5	76.5	95	..	24.36	—7.16
Saugor	86.2	75.7	89	..	15.11	10.69
Hoshangabad	87.3	79.0	91	0.42	21.54	—6.17
Khandawa	90 0	75.3	80	..	19.49	0.93
Akola	86.2	74.5	89	0.04	3.99	6.56
Amraoti	85.8	74.1	83	..	19.80	1.71
Nagpur	88.6	76.6	84	..	20.94	0.61
Chanda	87.9	76.2	90	0.15	20.62	—2.26
Raipur	89.8	76.0	92	0.09	24.05	—5.02
KONKAN—						
Bombay	81 5	77.8	87	0.88	60.96	13.17
Ratnagiri	84.1	74.1	90	3.75	94.45	24.77
Mormugao	84.2	76.5	90	0.39	84.49	17.11
Karwar	81.7	76.2	93	2.08	80.94	1.34
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	86.4	73.5	90	..	12.75	2.66
Ahmednagar	81.8	70.1	84	..	16.60	7.55
Poona	77.6	70.9	89	0.60	10.79	—2.41
Sholapur	82.4	71.6	84	0.24	16.68	8.49
Bijapur	84.4	70.2	79	..	10 38	4.24
Belgaum	75.2	67.0	95	0.09	23.80	—4.16
Aurangabad	80.6	71.1	89	0.20	27.25	14.08
Nizamabad (Indur)	86.0	74.3	81	0.30	18.89	1.18
Hyderabad	86.0	76.6	80	0.21	22.26	10 33
MALABAR AND CEYLON—						
Mangalore	82.1	72.2	94	1.74	78.80	—3.01
Calicut	78.2	73.7	95	0.94	71 03	0.10
Cochin	88.4	72 7	88	1.10	55.62	0.33
Colombo	82.6	76.3	89	0.18	22.05	8.40
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	86.3	75.2	92	1.60	39.62	18.48
Bellary	89.5	78.9	91	..	9.96	5.89
Cuddapah	91.5	77.2	90	2.40	46.02	7.66
Madras	91.3	75.5	77	..	8.87	1.67
Bangalore	80.2	66 8	94	0.64	14.50	6 41
Coimbatore	84.7	69.7	84	..	5.17	1 95
Trichinopoly	87.0	72.7	72	0.09	12.10	3.75
Negapatam	86.8	76 1	91	2.10	8.91	4.81

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time on the 8th August 1916 was 29.913 inches For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .031 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

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We beg to inform the Vegetarian Federal Union of London that Amichand Govindji, the Indian Confectioner of Bombay, has been awarded a Certificate from the Vegetarian Exhibition and Congress held in the year 1898 for the excellence and delicacy of his Confectionery.

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HALVAS of different description such as (*a*) Mahim Halva (or Viv). (*b*) Saffron Halva with almonds, (*c*) Gummy Halva, (*d*) Rose scented Halva, (*e*) Vanila Halva, (*f*) Muskati Halva, (*g*) Ice Cream Halva (*h*) Orange Halva.

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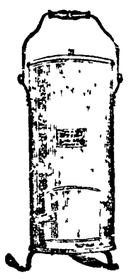
"Ic Mic" Cooker.



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Simplest mechanism,
Any parts separately available.

Cooks several dishes altogether in one hour. No attention necessary; as no scorching or over-boiling possible. Any fuel can be used. Highly economical in the food and fuel. A boon to the sick and the travellers. Best testimonials, certificates, gold medals and prize obtained.

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The cup to delight
A boon to toiled heart
To refresh and rejoice
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"Huxley's Ner-Vigor"

An organic acid glycero-phosphate syrup, contains the nutritive phosphate materials which supplement food and when absorbed into the blood enrich it, so that it becomes re-vitalised, followed by a corresponding rejuvenescence of the system.

Original bottles of 50 doses sold throughout India, Burmah, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, etc.

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will more than repay your trouble, will save you expense and will give you the best article at a cheap rate.

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COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, Aug. 7th.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	6,000
" " " on Spec. & for Exp.	1,000
" " Sales of East Indian	50
" " Imports	43,000
Mid. Americans	8.49—8
Egyptian F. G. F.	11.55—40
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.) Oct.	13.91—5
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.) Jan.	14.22—7
New Orleans 10 a.m. Oct.	13.73—10
New Orleans 10 a.m. Jan.	14.02—11

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Aug. 5th.

Total Imports 14,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Months.	To-day's opening price
August	8.52
Aug.-Sept.	8.49
Sept.-Oct.	8.47
Oct.-Nov.	8.47
Nov.-Dec.	8.44
Dec.-Jan.	8.40
Jan.-Feb.	8.40
Feb.-Mar.	8.40
Mar.-Apl.	8.41
Apl.-May	8.40
May-June	8.40
June-July	8 39
July-Aug.	8.35+4

Price taken at 10-10 a.m. nearest actual values.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Aug. 7th.

Months.	To-day's closing price
August	8.45
Aug.-Sept	8.42
Sept.-Oct.	8.40 —1
Oct.-Nov.	8.40
Nov.-Dec	8.36 Unchgd.
Dec.-Jan.	8.33
Jan.-Feb.	8.33 —1
Feb.-March	8.33
March-April	8.34 U. chgd.
April-May	8.33—1
May-June	8.33—1
June-July	8.32—2
July-Aug.	8.31—2

CLOSING EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES.

Liverpool, Aug. 7th

Months.	To-day's price
Aug.	11.80
November	11.28—9
January	11.30—9

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Aug. 7th.

M. G. Bengal Good	6.25
" " Fully Good	6.40
" " Fine	6.55
" No. 1 Oomra Good	6.90
" " Fine	7.20
" Broach Good	7.05 —5
" " Fully Good	8.20
" " Fine	8.35
" Scinde Good	6.30
" " Fully Good	6.45
" " Fine	6.60

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

London, Saturday, Aug. 7th.

	Bales.
Total in Sight	46,000
Egyptian Visible Supply	72,000
East Indian " "	229,000
American " "	2,036,000
Other " "	50,000

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Aug. 7th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	10,000
" Exports to Great Britain	Nil
" " to Continent	10,000
Futures at New York October	14.19—16
" " January	14.50+17
Spot Cotton at New York	14.10+15
" at New Orleans	13.57 Unchgd.
Futures at New Orleans October	14.02+11
" " January	14.32+21
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	9½
Demand Bills	4.75.75
Silver Commercial Bars	65½

COTTON CROP.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.

The United States Department of Agriculture in its report on the Cotton Crop states that the average condition of the crop is 72.3, which is estimated at 12,916,000 five hundred pound bales.

MONEY MARKET.

London, Aug. 7th.

Bar Silver Spot	31 7/16
Closing Tone of Silver—Profit taking—Steady.	
Discount. Bank of England Rate 6 per cent. since 13th ultimo.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	5 11/16
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	5 13/16
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	6½
" " " 6 "	6¾
Interest day to day loans	4½
" 7 day market loans	4½

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LARGE VARIETY OF

TOYS, DOLLS, PERAMBULATORS AND CAMP FOLDING FURNITURE.

MODERATE RATE.

ENGLISH TRADING CO.

315, Hornby Road Fort, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, Aug. 8.

The market opened to-day with new Broach at 319½ and advanced to 321½. After declining to the opening rate it ruled steady at about 320½ which was the opening rate at Colaba.

A fair amount of business has been put through in new crops, Japanese houses buying.

Ready cotton is in good demand.

Sept., Akola	281
Jany., Akola	298*
Jany., F. G. Bengal	250
April, Good Broach	320½

APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS AT MID-DAY.

DESCRIPTION.		DELIVERY Sept. 1916	Jan. 1917	April 1917	SPOT COTTON.
Broach,	Good M.G.	..	..	318	270/30
Broach,	Fine M.G.	..	..	..	290/30
Bengal,	F.G. M.G.	..	242	..	225/35
Bengal,	Fine M.G.	244	261	..	240/45
Bengal,	Superfine M.G.	..	..	..	250/55
Rajputana,	Fine M.G.	..	..	..	..
Sind Punjab,	Fine M.G.	..	..	..	235/40
Khang. Akola,	Fine M.G.	279	294	..	277/83
Hutch/Amroti,	Fine M.G.	..	..	..	280/85
Dhamg./Pulgaon,	Fine M.G.	..	..	..	280/87
Yeotmal,	Fine M.G.	..	..	..	292/90
Nagpore,	Fine M.G.	..	..	..	292/300
Hingt./Wardha,	Fine G.M.	..	..	..	295/305
Khandeish,	Fine M.G.	..	281	..	262/70
Khandeish,	F.G. M.G.	..	..	..	243/55
Khanuwa Sanawad,	F.G. M.G.	..	..	..	269/79
Jalna	F.G. M.	..	..	..	255/65
Indore,	F.G. M.G.	..	..	..	272/82
Ujjain,	F.G. M.G.	..	..	..	285/300
Nander	F.G. M.G.	..	..	..	315/90
Mathia,	Fine M.G.	..	..	..	290/70
Mathia,	F.G. M.G.	..	..	..	2 9/60
Saw Ginned Dharwar Good		Aug 314	..	..	328/35
Coompta.	Aug. Good M.G.	350	..	..	342/50
Westerns,	Good M.G.	344	..	..	342/47
Westerns,	Good H.G.	340	..	..	335/42

THE BOMBAY COTTON EXCHANGE CO., LD.

Market Quotation for Ready and Forward Delivery Contracts as fixed by the Rate Committee of the Exchange.

COLABA, 8th August, 1916, 5-30 p.m.

Growths.	Super-fine.	Fine.	Fully Good.	Delivery.
Bengals (M.G.)	.. 265	251	..	25th Jan. 191.
	268	260	238	.. Ready
Bengals (M.G.)	.. 248	..	..	.. Sept.
	..	..	..	..
Scinde-Punjab (M.G.)	.. 242	234	..	.. Ready & Sept
	..	..	..	..
Khandesh (M.G.)	.. 269	257	..	.. Ready
	.. 265	273	..	.. 25th Jan. 1917
	..	..	..	..
Jalna (M.G.) G.S.	..	.. 262	..	.. Ready
Barsee (M.G.) G.S.	..	.. 290	..	.. Ready
Washwan (M.G.)	.. 323	..	..	.. Ready
Do. (H.G.)	.. 308	..	..	.. Ready
Akola M.G. (Fair Staple)	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..
	.. 282	270	..	.. Ready & Sept.
Akola Kghm. Karanja (M.G.)	.. 293	..	..	.. 25th Jan 1917
	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..
Oomrawatee Descriptions (M.G.)	.. 252	270	..	.. Ready & sept.
	.. 294	..	..	.. 25th Jan. 17.
Dhamangaum	.. 266	274	..	.. Ready & Sept.
Poolgaum (M.G.)	.. 295	..	..	.. 25th Jan. 1.
Yeotmal (M.G.)	.. 290	278	..	.. Ready & Sept.
	.. 310	..	..	.. 25th Jan. 1.
Nagpore	.. 260	223	..	.. Ready & Sept.
Kamptl (M.G.)	.. 312	..	..	.. 25th Jan. 17
Warona & ghat (M.G.)	.. 297	285	..	.. Ready & Sept.
	.. 314	..	..	.. 25th Jan. 17
Broach (M.G.)	.. 295	289	..	.. Ready & Sept.
	.. ..	..	..	..
	.. ..	..	321	25th April'17
Surat (M.G.)	.. ..	..	..	
	.. ..	..	..	
Miraj (M.G.)	.. ..	..	305	Ready & Sept
Mathia (M.G.)	.. 269	257	..	.. Ready
	.. ..	..	..	..
Bhagalkote-Bijapur (M.G.)	.. ..	..	335	Ready & Sept
	.. ..	..	..	..
Sawgd. Dhar war	.. ..	..	332	Ready & Sept.
	.. ..	..	..	..
Westerns (M.G.)	.. ..	..	348	Ready & Sept.
" (H.G.)	.. ..	..	345	Ready & Sept.
	.. ..	..	..	..
Compta (M.G.)	.. ..	..	352	Ready
Indore Ujjain (M.G.)	.. 295	..	305	Sep. &
	.. ..	..	..	.. Ready

RECEIPTS OF COTTON AND PRODUCE.

The following are the receipts of Cotton, Wheat, and Seeds, by rail and sea into Bombay during the 48 hours up till 6 p.m. on 7th August 1916:—

Cotton	2,070 Bales.
Wheat	24,779 cwts.
Linseed	28,417 "
Rape, Rai and Mustard Seed	2,823 "
Ginjellyseed	1,522 "
Groundnuts	1,546 "
Castorseed	2,849 "
Rice	3,849 "
Myrabollams	456 "
Cottonseed	4,307 "
Mowruseed	121 "
Gram	1,713 "
Joowar	3,557 "
Barley	4,108 "

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Bombay, Aug. 8th—4 p.m.

Ready.		Bazaar Terms. Rs. a. p.	Rail Delivery. Rs. a. p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	..	33 8 0	5 14 0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30	..	33 0 0	5 13 0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla	..	33 8 0	5 14 6
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	..	6 6 0	6 12 0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	..	6 4 0	6 10 0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	..	7 0 0	7 6 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	..	8 14 0	9 4 0
Linseed, Brown Thin	..	8 8 0	8 14 0
Teelseed, White 85.15	..	47 0 0	....
" Gajar 75.25	..	45 0 0	....
" " Black	..	44 0 0	....
" 50.50	..	37 0 0	....
Poppyseed, White	..	7 4 0	7 13 0
Groundnuts	..	44 0 0	....
Mowraseed	..	4 4 0	4 8 0
Jowr	..	33 0 0	4 13 6
Arundia	..	37 8 0	
Forward.		Rs. a. p.	
Wheat April-May	..	6 3 6	
Linseed May	..	9 10 6	

JOWAR AND SEEDS.

Jowar Aug.-Sept.	..	4 14 0
Jowar Sept.	..	4 15 0
Whe t Aug.-Sept.	..	6 2 6
Linseed Sept.	..	9 6 6
Rapeseed Brown April-May	..	7 8 0

EXCHANGE.

Banks' Selling Rates:—

T. T. Ready	1s. 4 1.32d. to 1s. 4 1.16
D. D. Mail	1s. 4 1-16d. to 1s. 4 3-32d.
T. T. Forward	1s. 4 3-32d. Sept.

Banks' Buying Rates:—

Credits 3 Months' Sight Ready	1s. 4 13.32d.
Do. Do. Forward	1s. 4 15-32d. Sept.
Do. 6 m-s. Ready	1s. 4 11.16d.
Francs 3 m.s do.	194½
60 d-s Hongkong	155½
Do. Shanghai	214¾
Do. Yokohama	154¾

SHARE MARKET.

BOMBAY, Aug. 9.

The Cotton Mill Share Market opened steady and a further rise was recorded specially in Standards, Fazuls, Currimbhai and Central India before close.

Tata Iron and Steel Deferred shares showed some abatement in the excitement of the past two days. The tone displayed throughout the day was somewhat easy.

In Mill shares for September delivery Davids closed at Rs. 507½.

Fazulbhai were placed between the prices varying from Rs. 635 to Rs. 670. Standards from Rs 1480 to Rs 1500, Central India from Rs. 2417½ to Rs 2475, Currimbhai from Rs. 205 to Rs 327½, and Crescent from Rs. 182½ to Rs 190.

Swadeshi advanced to Rs 1880 and Bombay Dyings to Rs 820.

Morarji changed hands at Rs 2490 and Laxhmi Cottons to Rs. 1425, Maneckji Petits were in demand at Rs. 1900.

New Great Easterns were placed at Rs. 200 and Finlays at Rs. 315. Emperor Edwards advanced to Rs 495.

Bombay Steam Navigation Ordinary shares declined to Rs. 280.

Bank of Bombay shares were placed at Rs. 1527½ and Rs. 1530.

Telephones improved to Rs. 163.

Katni Ordinary shares were placed between Rs. 175 and Rs. 181¼ and Deferred from Rs. 660 to 700.

Tata Hydro Ordinary shares kept very firm at Rs. 1455.

Tata Iron and Steel Ordinary shares stood in the vicinity of Rs. 205. Deferred were placed between Rs 947½ to Rs. 932½.

Bombay Burma Trading shares kept unchanged at Rs. 942½.

Sirrajpoors were placed between Rs. 40 and Rs. 42. Central India Mining shares improved to Rs. 43.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Business in 3½ per cent G. P. Notes was done in the vicinity of Rs. 75½.

4 per cent Port Trust Bonds were placed at Rs. 89.

4 per cent Conversion Loan was quoted at Rs. 91 and Conversion Warrants at Rs. 11.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

GROSS REVENUE COLLECTIONS.

The gross Revenue Collections from Port Trust Bunders, Land, Railway, Docks and Port Departments for the month of July, 1916, amounted to 13.73 lakhs, an increase of 3.45 lakhs over the collections for July, 1915. The total Revenue Collections from 1st April to 31st July 1916 aggregated 48.59 lakhs, an excess of 13.26 lakhs over the collections for the corresponding period of last year.

AKBAR MANUFACTURING AND PRESS COMPANY LTD.

The Directors Thirty-Eighth Annual Report of the operations of the Company together with the audited balance sheet of profit and loss account for the year ending 31st December, 1915, states that the working of the year under report has resulted in a profit of Rs. 93,944-3-1 which with the preceding years balance of Rs. 18,436-7-3 makes a total of Rs. 1,12,380-10-4.

The Directors propose to pay a dividend of Rs. 325 per share per of Income Tax.

FOR PRINCES AND RICH MEN ONLY.

THE ROYAL YAKUTI.

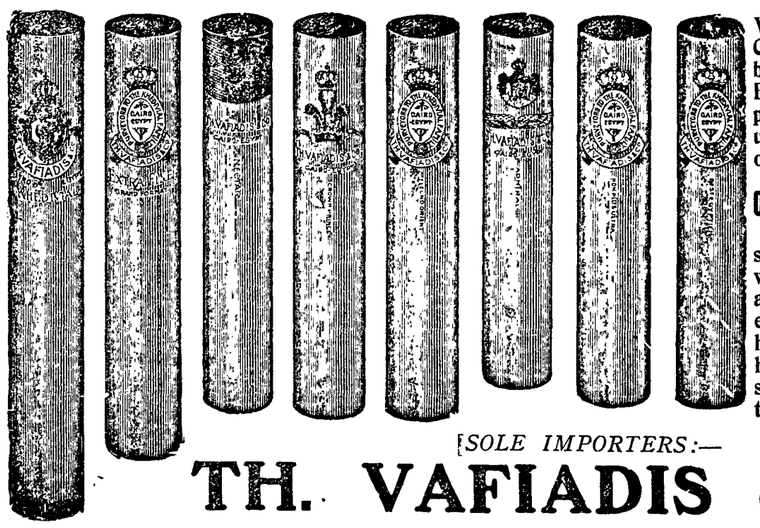
(ANANG VILAS.)

This Yakuti or life-giving nectar has been prepared from the best, choicest and richest vegetable drugs. It has a wonderful property of increasing the nerve power and is specific for diseases. This valuable medicine is used in large quantities among Rajas, Maharajas and many of our esteemed customers. But we have ventured to give it publication simply with a view to place it before the general public owing to the demand of several friends. It is needless to expatiate upon the magical qualities of this our invaluable medicine. We would not like to blow the trumpet as is the fashion of the day, but suffice it to say that the use of this medicine is recommended to those who have any faith in the efficacy of Ayurvedic and Unani persons who desire to tone up the nervous medicines. We recommend it also to those system, to strengthen the body refresh the memory and to guard agianst debility. It works like a charm and the effect is lasting. It restores strength and it is enough to say that musk is not that which a perfumer admires, it is that which diffuses fragrance of its own accord. Price per tin containing 40 pills. Rupees ten only. Postage extra. No PARHEZ necessary.

Dr. KALIDAS MOTIRAM, Rajkot, Kathiawar

* This is not clear in the original.
† Sic.

THE KEEN APPRECIATION



With which Vafiadis' Cigarettes are regarded by all throughout India, Burmah and all other parts of the world is unique in the history of Cigarette making.

OUR LEADING BRANDS.

The discriminating smoker can never do without them but must arrange to get them even on his way Home, he will have them at home and everywhere, simply because they are the best.

SOLE IMPORTERS:—

TH. VAFIADIS & CO.

CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, RANGOON, and LONDON.

High Grade

Prism Binoculars

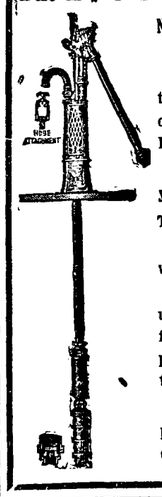
BEST WORKMANSHIP AND MAGNIFICATION.

BALLIWALLA & HOMI

OPTOMETRIST— PTICIANS

HORNBY ROAD, ALICE BUILDING. BOMBAY. KALBADEVI ROAD, OPP. POST OFFICE.

K. B. JOSHI & Co.



No. 321, Hornby Road Fort, BOMBAY.

Do you want to ascertain before going in for our DEEP WELL FORCE PUMPS.

Read the following and you will be satisfied.

THE CHIEF ENGINEER JUNAGAD STATE writes:—

"Pumps suppliedby you used this season for a lift from 30 to 150 feet. The pumps worked satisfactorily."

Write to-day for full particulars stating the depth of your well.

Accidents happen every day.

HAVE YOU PROVIDED AGAINST THAT?

LIFE & ACCIDENT POLICY COMBINED CAN BE HAD FROM THE:—

GREAT EASTERN LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LD.

(INCORPORATED IN STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.)

Registered in Great Britain.

HEAD OFFICE:— Singapore. LONDON OFFICE:— 32, Old Jewry, London, E.C.

GOOD RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED.

For particulars apply to:—

M. V. MERCHANT, BRANCH MANAGER, 12-14, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

DO YOU SLEEP WELL?

If you do not sleep well, it's a very good sign that you are not in good physical condition. The probability is that your appetite is also poor. You are tired out, but restless. Whatyou need is something to aid digestion, nourish the blood, and quiet the nerves

Prof. JAMES'

ELECTRO TONIC PEARLS.

are an ideal general tonic for an impoverished system. They stimulate secretions—make your digestion what it ought to be, and increase the quantity and quality of your blood.

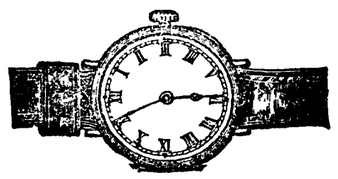
Trial package for 2 days' use will be sent on receipt of four annas postal stamps.

Rs. 2-0-0 per bot. of 40 pearls.

Get a bottle today and start the treatment now.

ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG & CHEMICAL Co.

No. 155 (Dept. C 1) Jooma Musjid, MARKET, BOMBAY.



ALL SORTS OF

LADIES' & GENTS WATCHES CLOCKS & TIMEPIECES

Can be had at prices beyond competition. *Trial Solicited.*

CATALOGUES FREE.

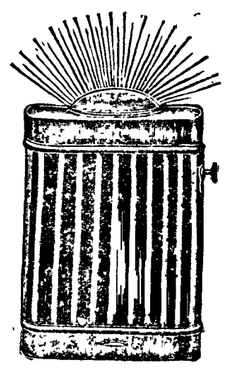
CHOONILAL CHHAGANLAL

23, Abdul Rehman Street, BOMBAY No 3.

SEARCH LIGHT POCKET ELECTRIC LAMP.

FITTED WITH PERMANENT SWITCH.

Constructed of best material and finished in the very best style.



Price Complete Lamp Rs. 5

Price Extra Dry Battery N. 1689 As. 12

Fitted with Dry Batteries and Metallic Filament Powerful Bulbs.

HIGH CLASS LAMP & STOVE DEPOT.

Abdool Rehman St., near Market, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

11th of Shravan Sud, 1972.
Hedan: 9th of Shawal, 1334.
Bird (Adibes) of Asmodai, 1285.
Day of the Moon: Full Moon, 13th August.
Time: 6 h. 18 m. Sunset: 7 h. 17 m.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Sitting of the Standing Committee, Bombay Municipal Corporation, 4-10 p.m.
Anglo-British Institution's Children's Concert in aid of Belgian Children's Relief Fund, Y. M. C. A. Hall, Wodehouse Road, 9-30 p.m.
Mails for Mauritius via Dhanushkodi and Colombo per extra steamer Okhla will be closed at the General Post Office, at 7-30 p.m.

THURSDAY, August 10.

Bhangaum Cotton Pressing Company, Ltd., Extraordinary General Meeting, Forbes Building, Home Street, Fort, 3 p.m.
Bank of Bombay: Ordinary General Meeting, Bank of Bombay Building, Fort, 4 p.m.
Bombay Natural History Society—Meeting of Members and their friends at the Society's Rooms at 6-15 p.m.

FRIDAY, Aug. 11.

English Mail Steamer Sardinia due at 8 a.m.

DAILY.

Excelsior Theatre: "The Adventures of J. Rufus Wallingford" and Variety at 6-30 and 9-45, p.m.
Royal Opera House: Cinema, 6-45 p.m. and 10 p.m.
American-India Cinema: Charni Road, 6-45 to 8-15, 8-30 to 10-0, 10-15 to 11-45.
New Alexandra Cinema: Crawford Market, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.
Olympia Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 6-30, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Squadron Orders by Lieut-Col. Sir Stanley Reed, Kt., A.D.C., Commanding,

August 9.

Squadron Parade.—The Squadron will parade on Thursday morning next, the 10th instant, Rendezvous Church Gate Station 7.15 a.m. Dress Khaki shirts, regimental saddles, no bandoliers.

Signalling Class.—Signalling Class under Major Wallis (I.A.) will be held this week as follows:—

Every evening except Wednesday 6-15 p.m. Rendezvous at the Band Stand, except Pali Hill men who will parade at Church Gate Station.

Parade.—Monday August 21st, being a public Holiday, there will be a general practice for all members in the Northern part of the Island. All members are expected to attend.

Message books, road maps and compasses should be brought by all non-commissioned officers.

Members residing in the Fort should have their horses sent to Bandra Station, so as to arrive there at 7a.m. and leave by the train from Church Gate Station at 6-35 a.m. one fixed to be carried on the saddle.

Members residing elsewhere should rendezvous Bandra Station 7 a.m.

(Sd.) F. C. ANNESLEY, 2nd Lieut.,
Actg. Adjutant, Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders by the Hon. Lieut-Col. P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., Commanding,

August. 9.

269. Battalion Duties.—Orderly Sergeants will be furnished by C Coy. during the week ending 12th instant. Next for duty D Coy. Officers Commanding Coys. should send in a list of N. C. Officers detailed to Headquarters by Monday midday each week.

270. Range.—The Miniature Range will be open from 7 to 8 a.m. and from 6 to 8 p.m. on week days except Saturday evenings.

Detail as follows:—

B Company, Monday and Friday mornings and Tuesday evenings.
C and D Coys, Monday evenings.
E and F Coys. Friday evenings.
G Coy. Tuesday and Thursday mornings and Wednesday evening.
J Coy. Wednesday and Saturday mornings and Thursday evening.

271. Recruits.—There are now vacancies in the corps for suitable men. Intending recruits should apply to the Officer Commanding the Company they wish to join. Recruits drills have commenced.

272. Signalling.— A Signalling Class open to any member of the Corps is held at the Volunteer Club at 6.30 p.m. on Tuesdays.

273. Parades.—B Coy. Maxim Gun Class every Wednesday, at 7 a.m. at Headquarters.

F Coy.—Parade for all 2nd Class Shots in the Coy. for instruction in Musketry every Friday evening at Headquarters at 6-15 p.m. Dress.—Drill order without arms.

G Coy.—Company parade on Thursday 10th instant. Fall in at the Gymkhana, at 7-15 a.m. Dress.—Shirts and shorts.

Bayonet Fighting.—Men detailed for Bayonet Fighting will attend the above noted Company Parade.

Maxim Gun Section.—Parade at Headquarters on Friday, 11th instant at 7-15 a.m.

(Sd.) C. N. MOBERLY, Major,
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Rifles

NOTICE.

VOLUNTEER CLUB.

There will be a Smoking Concert at the Volunteer Club on Saturday August 19th, at 8-30 p.m. Tickets price one Rupee each, may be obtained from the Sergeant-Major at Headquarters.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

Corps Orders by the Hon. Lieut.-Colonel J. S. Wardlaw-Milne Commanding

Aug. 8.

No. 263—DUTIES:—

Duties for the week commencing Monday, 7th instant:—

Orderly Officer for the ensuing week Lieut. W. Dunkerley.

Orderly Officer next for duty 2nd-Lieut. F. J. Cheminais.

Orderly Sergt. No. 1 Company Sergt. W. A. Niven.

Orderly Sergt. No. 2 Company Sergt. W. H. Stubbs.

Orderly Sergt. E. E. Company Sergt. F. Kimpton.

No. 264—PARADES:—

Thursday 7 a.m. Physical Training Class. NO. 3 COMPANY, KIRKEE.

Parades—Wednesdays at 5-15 p.m. Signalling Class. Fridays at 5.15 p.m. and Sundays at 10 a.m.

P. H. RETALLACK, Capt.,
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

NOTICES.

A Whist Drive will be held at Headquarters on Thursday next the 10th instant at 9-15 p.m. Tickets Re. 1 each, which can be obtained at Headquarters.

A Regimental Committee Meeting, will be held at Headquarters on Thursday next the 10th instant at 7 p.m.

POONA VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Corps Orders by Lieut.-Col. G. K. Walker, C.I.E., Commanding Poona Volunteer Rifles.

Poona, Aug. 8.

741. Drill and Instruction.—Parades for the week ending 12th August 1915:—

At Headquarters:—

Recruits, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday at 5-30 p.m.

"A" Coy., Wednesday at 7-15 a.m. Drill order Shirts.

Buglers, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at 5.30 p.m.

Signallers, Thursday at 5.30 p.m.

First Aid Class, Thursday at 6-30 p.m.

Lecture on "Field defences," Friday at 7-15 a.m. Drill order.

"B" Company, Friday at 7.15 a.m. Drill order.

At the Engineering College:—

"E" Company, Wednesday at 5-30 p.m.

At the Central Gymnasia:—

Physical Training Class, Tuesday and Thursday at 7 a.m. Running kit.

At Satara:—

Machine Gun parades, Tuesday and Saturday at 5 p.m.

At Ahmednagar:—

Gun drill, Wednesday and Friday at 7.30 a.m.

742. Musketry.—The Rifle range will be open for Class firing at 7-30 a.m. on Saturdays, Sundays and Mondays until further orders. Members wishing to fire should send in their names to the Headquarter office two days before hand.

743. Miniature Rifle Club.—In accordance with rule 13, an Extraordinary General Meeting will be held at Headquarters on Friday 11th instant at 8.30 a.m. to discuss proposed amendments to rules 4 and 5.

744. Clothing.—Ammunition boots have now been received and may be obtained at Headquarters. Price Rs. 2/8/9

745. Increase.—The undermentioned having been enrolled are taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to Satara Detachment:—

No. 4438 Vol. M. Nanubhai.
No. 4439 Vol. E. O. Samson.

(Sd.) A. R. KEARSEY. 2/Lt.,
Adjutant, Poona Volunteer Rifles.

STRING BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner V.D., and Officers the String Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play this evening the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Band Master, commencing at 6.15 p.m.

March.—International ..... Roberts
Overture.—Le Chevalier Breton ... Hermann
Valse.—Contemplation ..... Kandt
Selection.—The Girl in the Taxi ... Gilbert
Morceau:—Le Long du Missaure ... Christine
Melodies from Halftast Eight ..... Rubens
Polka Song.—La Petit Tonkinoise ... Scotts.

MAILS FOR SINGAPORE AND JAPAN.

Mails consisting of specially superscribed correspondence for Singapore, and Japan per S. S. Yeboshi Maru will be closed at the General Post Office at 2 p.m. to-day.

HOMEWARD MAILS.

The P. & O. Company's steamer Salsette with the homeward mails of the 2nd instant arrived Aden at 2 a.m. on Tuesday, the 8th instant.

MAILS FOR EAST AFRICAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE.

Mails for the East African Expeditionary Force, Nairobi, Uganda and Mombassa will be closed at the Bombay General Post Office at 12 noon to-morrow.

INCOMING MAILS.

The P. & O. Company's steamer Karmala with the outward mails of the 28th ultimo passed Suez at 3 p.m. on Monday the 7th instant.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

There were six cases of small-pox and three of cholera on Monday. The total mortality from all causes was 62 against 64 on the corresponding day of last year and 89 on that of 1914. Of the 2,344 rats 10 were found to be infected.

MAILS FOR THE STRAITS

Mails for the Straits Settlements, Saigon, Manilla and Hongkong via Negapatam will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m. to-morrow.

MAILS FOR MAURITIUS.

Mails for Mauritius, via Dhanushkodi and Colombo per extra steamer Okhla will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m. on Saturday the 12th instant instead of to-day.

THEFT IN A WORKSHOP.

Mr. W. E. Smith, surgeon-in-charge of the G. I. P. Railway Workshop reports that at 6 p.m. on the 5th instant the workshop had been closed and that the next morning cupboards were found forced open and brass fittings of the value of Rs. 800 carried away.

MAILS FOR SOUTH AFRICA.

Mails for Seychelles, Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi, Zanzibar, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and L. Marquis per steamer Karoa will be closed at the General Post Office at 1-30 p.m. to-day. Correspondence for Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer.

COMMERCIAL.

LATEST CABLE QUOTATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

MONEY MARKET.

London, Aug. 7th.

Consols 2½%	58⅝
Rupee Paper 3½%	49½
Indian Stock 3½% (Sterling Loan)	70½
Government Securities 3 o/o	60⅜

WAR LOANS.

London, Aug. 7th.

3½ % 1925—1928..	Unchanged £86½
4½ % 1925—1945..	Unchanged £96½

EXCHANGE.

London, Aug. 7th.

Ex. On London at Paris Francs 28.14 Unchanged

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

METALS.

English Best Selected Copper	£122
Standard Copper G.M.B.	£106½
Copper Braziers	£146
Yellow Metal	14½
Hard Spelter	42
Tin Plates I.C. Coke 14 × 20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90lbs. C.I.F. Liverpool	18/9
Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4 o/o F.O.B. Liverpool	£26-5-0
Pig Iron No. 1, Garteherrie	£6-4-6

FREIGHT.

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal.—Nominal.

WHEAT.

Wheat Choice White Karachi per 492 lbs. C. I. F. Augt.-Sept. Paid	67
Wheat F.A.Q. Red Karach, per 492 lbs. C.I.F. Aug.-Sept. Paid	66/3
Wheat Afloat for United Kingdom.	1,585,000

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa	61½

BARLEY.

Karachi Barley Augt.-Sept. Cargo	53

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Ferozepore, usual Bold 416 lbs. 85% ex-Ship July-Augt. Nominal	59/3
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship. July-Aug. Nominal.	60
Linseed Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship. Aug.-Sept. Resellers	77/6
Toria Rapeseed:—Aug.-Sept. Buyers	64/6
Linseed Calcutta	1,000
Montus	63,000
Name of Ports	31,000
Whether Buyers or Sellers	6,91,000
Actual Weekly Sales	29,000

COTTONSEED.

Bombay Cottonseed sound delivered per ton July-August. Bull Nominal	£11-17-6

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure August-Sept Sellers	2/9
Plantation First Latex Crepe Sept. Paid.	2/3½

SHEEP SKIN SALE.

London, August 7.

Sheep skin sale opened to-day steady with a fair demand 557,000 B. offered.
Sheep skin Madras Prim 1d. to 2d. dearer.
Sheep skins Madras medium 1d. dearer.
Sheep skin Madras ordinary 2d. to 3d. dearer.
Ship skins Bombay ordinary 3d. dearer.

IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO ACT

DENUNCIATION'S OF TRUST POLICY.

A meeting of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay was held yesterday, the Hon. Mr. J. P. Orr presiding, when consideration was resumed of the Draft Amendment to the C. B. I. Act.

The Hon. Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola said the proposed Amendment of the Act sought to obtain powers for the Trust to levy a charge for the improvement of property by partial demolition whether by so doing the value of the property increased or not. He had understood the Chairman to say that a contribution would be levied whether there was an improvement or not.

The Chairman said he had said that there would be no charge if there was no improvement.

NO CASE MADE OUT FOR AMENDMENT.

The Hon. Sir Ibrahim said that in that case there was no necessity for the Amendment of the Act as the new system could be tried under the existing Act. He submitted that no case had been made out for the proposed Amendment, prior to an experiment being carried out under the existing Act. They had found that the system of partial demolition was more costly than that of total demolition. They wanted a categorical proof that the first experiment had failed before they could approve the proposed amendment. The new provisions were entirely out of place with a special body created for a special purpose like the Improvement Trust Act and must come within the Municipal Act. When they talked of the failure of the system of total demolition they forgot to take into consideration the cost of the roads they built and the open spaces they created and which added to the amenities of the city. He concluded by saying that there was not the slightest justification for the proposed Amendment.

"THEIR OWN ERRONEOUS POLICY."

The Hon. Mr. D. E. Wacha agreed with the Hon. Sir Ibrahim that they should have more proofs before they took up the new system for good. This the Hon. Mr. Wacha thought was a very fair way of solving a very knotty point. The Trustees were not agreed as to what was the best system,—total demolition or partial. He was of opinion that they had incurred losses because they had gone on wrong principles. Instead of spending a larger part of their funds on the improvement of slums they had spent it on wide roads; and for the results they had to thank their own erroneous policy of using their funds for purposes quite different from the original. He did not believe the system of total demolition was a costly affair, and before they jumped into a new piece of legislation,—before they jumped from the frying pan into the fire—they should see how the new system would work before they took it up definitely. He was against going to the Legislature for small defects. He regretted this tendency which had of late been on the increase in India of the executive going to Legislature for legislation. Legislation ought not to be in defiance of but should be in harmony with public opinion. Otherwise it would be no legislation but lawless pressure—lawless in this that it was to get more money out of the house-owners.

The Chairman said they were not abolishing the system of total demolition. They could still have it side by side with that of partial demolition.

The Hon. Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola said the Amendment proposed to put additional burdens on the house-owners but there was no place in the world where special bodies created for a special purpose were given such powers. He asked them to remember that it was not the landlords but the tenants that had to suffer on account of the additional burdens, and the tenants were already groaning under heavy rents. He attributed the proposed amendment to a desire to secure more than the 2 per cent. which the Trust at present got under the law.

The Chairman said what they wanted was the cheapest method of improving slums.

The Hon. Mr. Wacha said they could try the alternative scheme without going to legislature.

It was resolved to refer the draft of the new section as framed by the solicitors to a sub-committee for consideration and reports.

BILL COLLECTOR'S LAPSE.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Spiers charged Kallianji Narandas, a bill-collector, with criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 5½, belonging to his master Mr. D. H. B. Jijibhoy.

The accused pleaded not guilty, saying his mother was very ill at Nasik and he went there after he had collected the money, but he intended to pay the money to his master on his return to Bombay. He was convicted. As he was only nineteen years old and as this was his first offence he was sentenced to receive eight stripes.

BOMBAY BEAMAN CHESS CLUB.

Mr. Maitra, the distinguished chess player of Calcutta and honorary member of this club, has offered a prize of Rs 50 for a select tournament to be played amongst a few of the best players in Bombay and the Honorary Secretaries have in the short time available secured about 8 members playing in the tournament, which will commence from this evening to be concluded by Monday next, the games being played in the club rooms.

CASE AGAINST MR. TILAK.

(Continued from page 8.)

of) their subjects during 50 years should give up their power and make it over to others. If there be a manager of your shop and if he performed the duty of *munim* for 50 years, but there was only loss continuously for 50 years, what would you tell him? Sir, give up your place and go away. We shall look to our own management. Another may be of a lower grade. Though he may be less clever, he will at least know that in managing a shop there should at least be no loss. This at least he must know. What (those) people tell us, *viz.*, that we have not become fit, proceeds from selfishness. If what they say be true, it is in a way disgraceful to them. They are being proved to be unfit. And if it be false, they are selfish. We can draw no other conclusion from this than the above. What is meant by 'we are unfit'? What is the matter with us? Our municipal management is tolerated; if someone comes from England after passing exaination and becomes a Collector that is tolerated. They discharge (their) duties and Government commends them. But when the rights of *swarajya* are to be given to the people, to tell all people, crores of people plainly that they are unfit (lit. to give a certificate of unfitness) is to make an exhibition of one's own unfitness (cheers*). Besides this objections of many other sorts are taken against *swarajya*. In the first place, I have already said that they unhesitatingly (lit. at once) decide that the whole nation is unfit. If we say ('hold an examination') no examination too is held. 'Unfit, unfit'—what does it mean? Set your men to work and set our men also to work. See whether they do or do not work properly. No opportunity to work is given and (yet we) are called unfit. Are even those, who have been given an opportunity, found unfit? There are members in the Legislative Council, are they unfit? Have they ever called themselves unfit? Have you ever called them (unfit)? No. What does then 'unfit' mean? You don't mean to give. In order to say there is no buttermilk, is deceit necessary? To-day being Sunday, there is no buttermilk—such is the shuffling that is going on now. I want to ask you whether you without allowing that shuffling are prepared or not to make a resolute demand. If you are not prepared to ask, if you do not make urgent solicitation about this,—if you throw away the present opportunity such an opportunity will not come again for 100 years. Therefore, you must be prepared. I know that if after being prepared we spoke a little forcibly, some police sepoy may say 'O you': (this is not unlikely). But it must be put up with. There is no help for it. We have no power in our hands. We cannot say to the police sepoy, 'you are a fool, go back'. He obeys the Police Inspector's order. But I can tell you that if you, people of all castes and religions, become united and at this time make this demand of Government resolutely and unitedly, press (it) earnestly, be prepared to bear any expense that may be necessary for this, (and) proclaim not only to Government but to the whole world that unless your demand be granted you would not be satisfied nor remain contented,—if you possess so much resoluteness, I am sure that by the grace of God you will not fail to have the demand granted to you pretty soon. (This) will be (lit. is) the fruit of your resoluteness. Whether in religion or in politics, resoluteness is required and that resoluteness of mind does not come without courage. It will not do to say 'How will it be?' Whether good or evil may result, we want this very thing. We will ask for this very thing. For this we will collect money and undergo any expenditure or exertions that may be necessary, and we will not stop this agitation till this our demand is satisfied. If this work is not completed within our lifetime, our children also will keep up this same agitation. When there is such devotion for this work, only then fruit will be (lit. is) obtained. Without devotion, no fruit is obtained from God, from King, in this world (or) in the next world. If you do not possess this devotion, no fruit will be obtained though strenuous exertions be made in this manner. First, devotion is required. (Both) rich and poor must possess devotion. The poor must help in their own way, the rich must help in their own way. Those who possess intelligence must help by means of intelligence. Every man must bear this thing constantly in mind. If you do not bear this (lit. such) thing constantly in mind, if you do not prepare yourself to make exertions, then it will be sheer folly to blame others for the failure. Perhaps the word folly may have been disliked (by you). I uttered it in the heat (of speaking). But my firm belief is that we have not yet begun to make efforts as strenuously, as earnestly and as devotedly, as we should have. If a Saheb were to ask (lit. tell) whether there would be confusion or not if powers were given to us, we say yes, yes. We have no men! The men are not prepared! And then we laugh at the Saheb in our house; we must laugh there (cheers laughter*). It will not do to laugh in our house. The reply must be given just to his face. We must be prepared to maintain the things which we consider to be true and tell them to the people, to the officers, and even to the Emperor. On the day on which you will be ready (to do this)—particularly in these days after the war is over—the administration shall have to be changed in some respects at least. If the administration be like the present, England cannot grant any authority among European nations.† At present England is the most powerful of all. The English Government is the most powerful, but to keep it so, change must necessarily be made in the present administration. As a matter of fact they say, 'make that change.' India does not say that the change should be made. Some defects or others are found therein. I stood up today; another will stand to-morrow and say that your good does not lie in this. The arrangement which exists at present is itself good. There is the benign Government. The bureaucracy is wise. Therefore, if you act in accordance with their principles, that would be well. If you wish to remain slaves, do so. No one says, do not. What is the use of giving advice to him hundreds of times who likes slavery? He who is willing to remain in slavery may do so freely. But this is not the condition of citizens. This is not the condition of traders (lit. this condition does not apply to traders). This is not the condition of intelligent people. This is not the condition of people of any religion such as Musalmans, etc. It is not the case that it applies only to one class, only to Muhammadan merchants. The thing which I am going to tell is not for Musalmans, for Hindus, nor for traders. It applies to all. There is only one medicine for all people. That medicine is power: take (it) in your possession. When it comes into your possession, if there be any disputes between you and us, we would be able to settle them. After the power has come into our hands there would be much time to settle them. If there be any difference of opinion in religious beliefs, that too we will remove. We want power for this. We want power to settle disputes It is not wanted for increasing them. Aliens do not know as much as we do what we have to do for our country. Their point of view is different. Hence, British Government being maintained at the head, one and the same Emperor will rule over India as he does over the British Empire. But introduce here an arrangement similar to that in other Colonies. There, in those Colonies, they have got in their own hands all the power, the right of ownership, (and) the power to make laws*. That does not affect the Emperor. There is no attempt to overthrow the British Government. But this is an attempt to make the British rule more pleasing to the people. Some people will lose their means of maintenance, that is not denied. We do not think that the Emperor has reserved India for those people. The present arrangement has come into existence for some reason. It must go away. The Emperor ought to give powers into the hands of the people, and without making any distinction between Indian and British subjects, between the white and the black subjects†. As they are the Emperor's subjects, so are we too his subjects. We must become as happy as they. The thing which some wise, learned and thoughtful people have now decided to be the key of all these, is *swarajya*. The time for it has now arrived. I have explained to you the meaning of it. I have told you how its time has come. But though all (things) may exist, your resoluteness is the final thing. The opportunity (lit. time) which has come will be lost. Though the arrangement of which I speak be in contemplation, you will not get it. There must be resoluteness on your part. Fortunately the thing about its acquisition is that an agitation of this kind has now begun. Recently we have established at Belgaum an institution to work for *swarajya*. An institution has been established in Madras. This subject is already before the Congress and it will dispose of it one way or the other. But though the several provinces make their arrangements and render help to them§. At least (you) must show so much courage that if some one—the Collector, Commissioner, etc.—were to ask 'what do you want'? (he should be told) 'We want power, there must be power in our hands'. Government servants should be considered to be people's servants. Do not think that when in future power comes into your hands, you are not to entertain Europeans as servants. If he can work well, we shall keep him, and we shall pay him what we may think proper. But he must be our servant, we are not his servants. If we entertain this desire and make efforts for it, then this thing is capable of accomplishment. For this give the help that may be required. Be prepared to render such assistance as may be required to those who may come to speak to us in connection with this. And when you are thus prepared—people of different places, not only of Bombay, Poona, Nagar, but also of Bengal, Madras, etc.—if people of all places be prepared, this thing is feasible. To accomplish it, to accomplish it soon, begin to work for it. Having told this much to you, and expressing a hope that the time for India soon to see some fruit or other in accordance with the above will arrive, and asking your forgiveness for any mistakes I may have committed in my lecture or for any taunting words that I may have uttered respecting you, I thank you heartily. (Cheers.¶)"

* Construction of this sentence is not clear in the original.
† This sentence is incomplete in the original.
‡ Not clear in the original.
§ Sentence is incomplete in the original.
¶ The word is in English in the original.

* This word is in English in the original.
† This sentence is not clear in the original.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Wednesday, August 9, 1916.

INDIA'S MAN-POWER.

The decision of the Government of India to raise a double company of soldiers in Bengal companies is satisfactory as far as it goes. The Government has certainly been an unconscionably long time in arriving at this decision, and were one disposed to cavil, one might dwell upon the insignificant nature of the present concession A Bengali regiment of two companies forms a ridiculous proportion of Bengali man-power,—and there are fifty million Bengalis! The Bengalis, as the late Mr. Gokhale reminded the Government of Lord Minto, have been twitted out of their legendary inaptitude for physical exertion, and the eagerness with which hundreds of them came forward with offers of personal service on the outbreak of the war and the qualities displayed by their Ambulance Corps must have come as a revelation to those who have distrusted Bengali courage and who had allowed their minds to be clouded with prejudice as to the loyalty of one of the most intellectual of India's races.

Whatever value may be attached to the formation of a Bengali regiment, the time has gone by when a measure like this could be regarded as a mere concession to sentiment. India's manhood cries out for opportunities of military service, on terms of equality with the peoples of the Empire, and it is a matter for grave consideration whether this legitimate demand can be disregarded without seriously wounding Indian self-respect. It is a remarkable fact that, as in so many other things, the war has completely revolutionised men's conceptions of the military potentialities of the Indian Empire. Organs of British opinion like the London "Times" have been the first to recognise the utter inaptitude of the antiquated Indian military tradition which lies at the basis of the present recruitment, strength and distribution of the Indian Army. The reason why India's manhood has been neglected is that the European and Indian sections of the Army have to be maintained in a certain numerical proportion, determined not by Indian military necessities but by the conditions of European recruitment. On the basis of the recruitment of the old Overseas Regular Army, it was considered that the European Army in India should be maintained at a maximum strength of 75,000; and as the strength of the Indian Army was fixed at double that of the European Army, it followed that the Indian Army should never exceed 150,000. It is not necessary to dwell upon the short-sightedness of this policy which has tended to cramp the military spirit and to emasculate the manhood of the Indian people.

It is absolutely necessary that the political fictions which lie at the root of Indian military policy should be abandoned once for all. They have been rendered untenable by the growth of the Armies maintained by the rulers of Indian States,—true Allies of the King-Emperor,—which are nearly equal to the European and Indian Armies maintained by the British Government. Weighty considerations arising out of the military necessities of the Empire and of the strong loyalty of the people emphatically negative the presumption that what was should necessarily continue to be. It is an inconceivably absurd position that this country which contains one-fourth of the total population of the British Empire should make a contribution of man-power represented by a paltry 150,000 men! The errors of the past should be repaired, however long a time may be taken in the process and however perplexing the problems, the officering of Indian Territorials and the conditions of recruitment and of service that may present themselves. We welcome the formation of the Bengali regiment as an earnest of a new and enlightened policy in this regard.

PRIVATE TRIBUNALS AND THE PUBLIC.

The case in which Mr. Justice Chaudhuri recently passed judgment, in which one Nagendra Nath Dey claimed damages against the Stewards and Secretary of the Royal Calcutta Turf Club for defamation and wrongful exclusion from the Calcutta race course and enclosures has naturally attracted a considerable amount of public interest. In an age of budding democracy it may not be wrong to presume that this interest was in reality a sympathetic manifestation in favour of the plaintiff for resenting the right of a domestic tribunal, in the shape of the Turf Club Stewards, to usurp a prerogative which common-sense suggests should only be vested in the Courts. And if a few more Nagendra Nath Deys would come forward and contest their rights when threatened with similar disabilities, such bodies as the Stewards of the Calcutta Turf Club would be more chary in embarking on such arbitrary procedure.

A private club, with exclusive membership, may be accorded the privilege of inflicting any form of penalties its tribunal may think fit for breaches of its internal laws, and the punishment may be reasonably regarded as final so far as the member and the club are concerned. But it is impossible that an institution which invites the public within its domains and charges an entrance fee can be treated on the same basis. It is in any case preposterous if paying visitors from the public can be pounced upon for offences against an unwritten code, summarily hauled up before a quorum of the Committee, convicted and kicked out into the street, and the facts duly advertised in the public press. The only redress or appeal against an amateur judicial enormity of this kind, lies in an expensive action for defamation. There is no reason why offences which constitute discreditable conduct, such as cheating book-makers by default, pulling horses, bribery, etc., should not be added to the penal code and dealt with by a magistrate. It is to be hoped that this consummation in turf legislation will soon be reached and that we shall be hereafter spared a repetition of the amazing procedure adopted by the R. C. T. C. Stewards when conducting the enquiry against Nagendra Nath Dey as revealed by Mr. Justice Chaudhuri's strictures in his judgment. It actually transpired, *inter alia*, that some of the Stewards who sat in judgment upon Nagendra Nath Dey were interested in horses in the stables about which the latter was supposed to have obtained information. Commenting on this the judge said.

"Nothing has been suggested against the probity and uprightness of the Stewards, but, as some of them were interested that the secrets of Scott's stables should not leak out, it would have been better and more desirable if they had stood out from the enquiry."

These "stable secrets" bring us to the crux of the whole business, for, if there had been no "secrets," there would have been nothing to trouble Mr. Dey's curiosity. Why are such things as "stable secrets" associated with horse racing? Simply, because the secrecy enables those interested to have an unfair advantage in betting, by being able to enter into wagers at unfair prices, owing to false impressions prevailing abroad as to the real merits of the horses concerned, which it is advantageous to foster. That is one aspect of the picture: to elucidate the profitable mystery and turn it to account, is the other view. The morality of both is strained, but is of a parity, until perhaps the gift of a bicycle turns the scale to the detriment of the outside investigator in the eyes of an unbiased arbiter, being an undesirable incentive to tempt an employee to a dereliction of duty. The exclusion of Nagendra Nath Dey as a member of the public from the race course and enclosures, was practically a rehash of Mr. "Burney" Davis' case against the stewards some years ago, when he unsuccessfully contested the same point. Mr. Davis was a bookmaker of considerable prominence in Australia and came to India with the highest credentials from the executives of the V. R. C. and A. F. C. Before "standing up" he contented himself with a preliminary look round at the Poona races, so as to become familiar with his new surroundings in humanity and horse flesh. Without assigning any reason, the stewards of the W. I. T. C. "warned off" Mr. Davis and two others. Reciprocity existing between Bombay and Calcutta, Mr. Davis was refused admission to the Calcutta racing enclosures whereupon he instituted an action against the R. C. T. C. Stewards on the same grounds which Narendra Nath Dey put forward. After a protracted hearing, judgment was given against Mr. Davis on the ground of domicile, it being ruled that he could not claim the privilege as a member of the Calcutta public. A curious point about this public right-of-way over the Calcutta maidan is, that no one appears to be capable of giving a definite ruling on the subject, and although Mr. Justice Chaudhuri tried to make it clear that the maidan could by no means be regarded in the light of a no-man's land, it seems that, had the claim been tenable as a public right rather than a private personal grievance, his Lordship might have found some difficulty in establishing the power of the Secretary of State and Governor in Council to lease and make over the land to a private institution with the right to exclude the public. We believe that documentary evidence was produced in Mr. Davis' case, that the power of lease by the Secretary of State and Governor-in-Council was only valid in the event of its being applied for the public benefit. The application for a lease by the R. C. T. C. in 1907 to the Governor-in-Council was a precautionary safeguard to protect the Club, in view of the evidence tendered by Mr. Davis in support of the public claim to the ground, and we think that there can be no reasonable doubt that the lease was granted to the Club on the assumption that horse-racing was a public pastime. Looking at the case from this standpoint, Nagendra Nath Dey might be reasonably excused for supposing that he, as a member of the public, being excluded, the Stewards were exceeding their rights or that, through the omission of this important point of public privilege, the lease was *ultra vires* and ineffective in law. In Nagendra's case the Judge, however, ruled that it was the interference with his betting that was the sole cause of complaint, and the lease did not give such a right to the public. It was a clear case of invoking a public right in support of a private grievance, and on these grounds he gave judgment against the plaintiff.

Mr. Justice Chaudhuri's judgment is a capable summary of the material facts laid before him by both sides, and the legal deductions arrived at could admit of no other decision, though it is obvious from many of his Lordship's remarks that the Turf Club's victory was more of a technical one than otherwise, and, as we have said before, it is to be hoped that in the near future the dispensation of justice, so far as the racing public is concerned, will be filtered through common law and not by domestic tribunals. The learned Judge referring to Narendra's occupation said that it was undesirable from the racing point of view to admit people into the enclosures who made a business of trying to obtain stable secrets, or words to this effect. In endorsing this, we may be permitted, however, to add a rider to the effect, that from a racing point of view, it is equally undesirable to admit people into the enclosures who are addicted to the practice of hatching stable secrets, a procedure which, from every honest sportsman's standpoint, cannot but culminate in a vogue which falls little short of picking pockets.

Notes of the Day.

A Surprising Decision.

It was decided at the beginning of the war not to publish the Public Services Commission Report, on the general ground of avoiding controversy. The India Office have long since abandoned this attitude, so it is not surprising now to learn that it has been decided to publish the Report, and there are even suggestions that some of the less controversial recommendations, whatever they may be, may be turned into legislative enactments without further delay. The decision is unfortunate. It is commonly understood that the positive recommendations of the Commissions are not of so favourable a character as to satisfy Indian claims. But apart from that the Report is out of date. The world has changed enormously since August, 1914, and recommendations based on views current before that date, would be altogether inapplicable to the changed spirit of the present moment, apart altogether from the fact that they would in all probability revive a bitter controversy which no one desires to see revived. The one thing, in fact, we do not want at the moment, is the publication of this Report. The announcement, that a definite decision has been reached to publish this Report, will therefore be received with apprehension. This decision, according to the correspondent, has been cordially supported by the Government of India, after consultation with the Local Governments. That does not surprise us. The Report, it is hoped, in certain quarters will serve as a set-back to certain Indian claims, and it is feared that the continued delay in publication will nullify its effect. It is stated that publication will take place next month.

Government Defeats.

The "Statesman" makes a senseless comment out of an incident in the "Bombay Legislative Council the other day—the defeat of the Government over the Hon. Mr. Paranjpye's motion on the method adopted by the educational authorities in prescribing text-books. The Calcutta organ objects to the Government being left in a minority being described as a defeat! What else it was is difficult to imagine. The Bombay Government courted a defeat on one branch of its educational policy in March last and sustained another in July, on another branch of its educational policy. The significance of two such defeats within a few short months has naturally not been lost upon the Indian press, as we hope it has not been lost upon the Bombay Government itself. The position simply is this: the Government has to justify its position on educational as on other matters to the judgment and conviction of the leaders and exponents of Indian thought and if it fails to do so, it must take the consequences. The non-official members are incorrectly described as an "opposition": more strictly, they are critics and councillors of the Government, without the semblance of the organisation associated with a parliamentary "opposition." If they associate themselves in making a combined onslaught on Government, they are only doing their duty, and they are certainly inspired by disinterested motives. It is too late in the day for papers like the "Statesman" to sneer at the destructive tendencies of non-official criticism. If they do not criticise, they have no business to be on the Council: if their criticism takes a destructive form and results in an adverse vote, it is entirely the fault of the Government.

The C. P. Local Government Bill.

The Government of the Central Provinces have adopted the right course in appointing a committee of non-official as well as official members to examine and discuss the draft of the Local Self-Government Bill, before it is submitted to the Government of India for their approval. A Bill dealing with a subject like Local Self-Government drafted in any Secretariat, cannot but bristle with controversial points—as the ill-fated United Provinces Municipal Act has amply shown. It is, therefore, gratifying that the Government of the Central Provinces have seen their way to profit by the mistake of Sir James Meston's Government and have adopted the wise policy of submitting the draft of the Bill to the thorough examination of an independent committee, which may be expected to take into consideration in its deliberations the public opinion of the Province on the subject.

The Sun Whose Rays!

After twelve days of practical eclipse, the cheering rays of the solar orb peeped out from behind the cloud-swept skies of Bombay yesterday, causing the busy public to heave a sigh of relief. It is true the sun did not remain in sight as long as most of us would have wished, but one must be thankful for even small mercies after the unexpected heavenly visitation of st two weeks. A decided turn for th in the weather conditions was not Monday, when the highest rainf gistered within the city was onl cents. The night was cool and b Tuesday opened with a cheery mornin soon the sun made itself felt, albeit occasional hidings behind the cloudy dah of the skies. Throughout the sunshine and cloudiness played hide-a seek, with each other with no very unco fortable results for the mortals belo The occasional drizzles both during da and night, were not quite unwelcome, a a refresher after the moments of warmth that followed periods of cloudiness. Bombay has had now about 67 inches of rain or only three inches less than the annual average, and there is more than a month still for the monsoon season officially to close.

An "Interesting Hobby."

"Truth" quotes an amusing and interesting illustration of the attitude of the average English business man towards science which was supplied recently at a London Military Tribunal. There was an application for exemption by a young B.Sc., who had been passed as fit only for Home service. The tribunal were informed that he was assisting in certain research work for the Admiralty. The chairman, a typical business man, observed that research work was "a very interesting hobby" and refused the application.

Provision for War Widows.

As a curious testimony to the part which women have played during the war and seem destined to play after, may be mentioned the important question which, according to the "Manchester Guardian," Mr. Wardle, Chairman of the Labour party, intends to raise in the Commons. Many sub-post offices in villages and small towns become vacant each year, and Mr. Wardle proposes that these posts should be reserved for the widows of postal officials killed in the war, or for wounded postal officers who could manage to conduct the business in quiet places. Hitherto the local postmasters and surveyors have made the appointments, and in the country districts the local notabilities have the chief voice in the decision. But Mr. Wardle suggests that a list should be retained at St. Martin's-le-Grand, and, the vacancies having been notified there, the administrative chiefs should definitely fill the posts without reference to local influences.

The Anti-War Campaign in Germany.

As an instance of interesting developments taking place in Germany, is the following extract from a leaflet that is being distributed broadcast throughout that country by the anti-war Socialists:—

The inevitable has come—famine. At Leipzig, Berlin, Charlottenburg, Brunswick, Magdeburg, Coblenz, Osnabruck, and many other places hunger riots have occurred before butchers' shops. And the Government of the state of siege has no other reply to the hunger cry of the people than the same state of siege, salvoes of the armed police and military. Bethmann-Hollweg accuses England of having caused a famine in Germany, and the advocates of "holding out" and the hirelings of the Government repeat this lie. But the Government ought to have foreseen this, it ought to have known that a war against Russia, France, and England would bring about a blockade of Germany. . . . . .

After referring to "moribund Austria" and "bankrupt Turkey" the pamphlet ends thus:—

Either the labouring masses will continue to maintain an imbecile obedience, in which case the misery will be protracted, or they will rise, refusing their services to the Government and to the ruling classes, and compel them to make peace. There is no third way. Rise, then, men and women. Demonstrate your will, and make your voice heard. Down with the war!

Education of the Blind.

The inadequacy of present arrangements for the education of the blind and the deaf and dumb in India has at last been realised by the Government of India. There were, we are told in a circular letter just issued by them, according to the last census, 41,558 children between the ages of 5 and 15 who were blind and 58 804 who were deaf and dumb and for these there are in the whole of British India some 18 schools only which provide instruction for something like 500 children! "In the present state of general education," the Government candidly, if somewhat pathetically state, "it is impossible to deal with the problem in any complete manner." But they believe with the assistance of Government more might be done at present to encourage and improve the education of defective children. Among the means of the improvement of existing arrangements, they propose that public attention should be drawn to the education of defectives by including references to them in school books, by exhibition of work done by them that the Braille system should be adapted to the vernaculars and that agencies should be found for the provision of industrial work for the defectives after leaving schools. These suggestions are commended for the consideration of Local Governments and for such support from local resources as may be possible.—"When normal financial conditions are restored."

THE WAR.

SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS.

FRENCH ADVANCE.

TURKISH ROUT COMPLETE.

RUSSIAN SUCCESSES IN GALICIA.

NAVAL OPERATIONS IN EAST AFRICA.

Successes southward of Brody bring the Russians within 14 miles of the Tarnopol-Lemberg railway and it is reported in consequence of this the Austrians have begun to fall back from Tarnopol in the direction of Zlotchoff.

The Russians by an impetuous charge drove the enemy from trenches in the Stokhod region, capturing 2,000 officers and men.

General Murray reports with reference to the fighting in the Canal zone that Turkish losses in killed and wounded appear to have been very heavy. Pursuit was continued for 18 miles and we have captured 45 officers and 3,100 unwounded men.

The French on Monday afternoon brilliantly carried a line of German trenches near Hem Wood, east of Monacu farm. They have also made further progress south of Thiaumont and carried more houses in the western part of Fleury.

French air-squadrons bombed Metz-Sablons and Thionville railway stations, factories at Rombach and bivouacs at Etain.

General Haig reports that north and north-east of Pozieres, the enemy, after a heavy bombardment, succeeded in entering British trenches at some places, but was diven out subsequently with many casualties.

In the Monfalcone area the Italians have captured 3,600 prisoners, three guns, several dozen machine-guns and a quantity of rifles and ammunition.

General Smuts reports that a naval force occupied the port of Sadani on Aug. 1st and other naval operations are progressing at various points on the coast line. The pursuit of the enemy in several directions continues.

British and Russian Ministers have reached an agreement with regard to Persia, covering financial and military measures.

VESSELS SUNK.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, August 6.

Another Danish steamer has been sunk.

It is reported in Copenhagen that the Wilson liner Aaro has been torpedoed.

LONDON, August 7.

The steamer Mount Coniston has been sunk.

FRENCH PROGRESS ON VERDUN FRONT.

RUSSIANS' BRILLIANT ACHIEVEMENTS IN GALICIA.

RUSSIAN SUCCESSES NEAR BRODY.

ADVANCE ON TARNOPOL-LEMBERG RAILWAY.

ENEMY FALLING BACK

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

PETROGRAD, August 7.

Successes southward of Brody bring the Russians within fourteen miles of the Tarnopol-Lemberg railway, and it is reported that in consequence of this the Austrians have begun to fall back from Tarnopol in the direction of Zlotchoff.

According to prisoners three divisions of German reinforcements have been sent to Zlotchoff and Pomorajny further south.

Enemy activity northwards of the Carpathians is regarded as being due to political purposes, the object being to influence Rumania.

RUSSIANS' FRESH LAURELS.

TRENCHES CARRIED IN STOKHOD REGION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

PETROGRAD, Aug. 8.

A communiqué says, the Russians by an impetuous attack drove the Austrians and Germans from trenches in the Stokhod region, capturing 2,000 officers and men.

Violent fighting is proceeding and numerous wounded Austrians and Germans are coming in.

RUSSIA'S BLACK SEA COMMAND.

A NOTABLE APPOINTMENT.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

PETROGRAD, August 8.

Vice-Admiral Koltchok, the youngest Russian admiral, who fought at Port Arthur, has been appointed to the Black Sea command.

ITALIAN SUCCESS IN MONFALCONE.

LARGE CAPTURES OF MEN AND MATERIAL

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

ROME, Aug. 7.

A communiqué says, artillery activity continued between the Adige and the Upper Isonzo. In the Monfalcone area we captured three guns, several dozen machine-guns, a quantity of rifles and ammunition and 3,600 prisoners, including a hundred officers.

Bersaglieri cyclists after a fierce haad to hand fighting took a hill and repulsed violent counter-attacks.

GERMAN TARIFFS ON ITALIAN PRODUCE.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

AMSTERDAM, August 8.

The German Minister of Finance announces that maximum tariffs will henceforth be applied to Italian produce.

SITUATION IN PERSIA.

ANGLO-RUSSIAN AGREEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

PETROGRAD, Aug. 8.

British and Russian Ministers have reached an agreement with regard to Persia, covering financial and military measures.

NON-SUBMISSION TO INOCULATION.

A PRIVATE SUES COMMANDANT FOR DAMAGES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BANGALORE, Aug. 8.

The suit filed by Pte. Hardy of the 2/6th Royal Sussex regiment against Lieutenant-Colonel Frank Johnson, Commandant of the regiment, has been admitted *in forma pauperis* by the District Judge of Bangalore and posted to 5th September. Pte. Hardy in the suit claims Rs. 2,000 as damages for what he alleges wrongful arrest and confinement, while outward bound he refused to submit to inoculation.

THIAUMONT WORK.

GERMAN ATTACKERS THROWN BACK.

FRENCH AIR-RAIDS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, August 7.

This afternoon's communiqué reports violent artillery firing in the region of Chaulnes.

German attackers against Thiaumont Work were thrown back to their trenches by a curtain of fire. An enemy attack on Vaux Wood completely failed.

Three German aeroplanes have been felled on the Somme and three others forced to land in their own lines.

Our air-squadrons bombed Metz-Sablons and Thionville railway stations, factories at Rombach and bivouacs at Etain.

FURTHER PROGRESS AT FLEURY.

GERMAN TRENCHES NEAR HEM WOOD CARRIED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Aug. 8.

Last night's communiqué said the French in the afternoon brilliantly carried a line of German trenches near Hem Wood, east of Monaco Farm, capturing 120 prisoners and a dozen machine-guns.

The French made further progress south of Thiaumont, capturing machine-guns. Numerous German dead were found in the German trenches.

The French carried more houses in the western part of Fleury.

FRENCH SOCIALISTS.

HUN AGGRESSORS DENOUNCED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

PARIS, August 8.

The National Council of French Socialists has passed a resolution declaring the right of the country to defend itself when attacked and affirming that it is the duty of International Socialism to denounce the aggressor and preserve the peoples from another war.

BATTLE IN CANAL ZONE.

TURKS PURSUED FOR 18 MILES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, August 7.

General Murray reports with reference to the fighting in Katia district that our fire was most effective and Turkish losses in killed and wounded appear to have been very heavy.

The pursuit continued for 18 miles. The Turks are now well clear of the Katia-Umaisha basin.

We captured 45 officers and 3,100 unwounded men.

EGYPTIANS ELATED BY TURKISH ROUT.

MISERABLE CONDITION OF THE PRISONERS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

CAIRO, August 8.

The Egyptians are elated at the Turkish rout. Hundreds of prisoners have been brought in a very dirty and disreputable condition. They are suffering from thirst. More are expected including German officers.

OPIUM SMUGGLING IN GLASGOW.

A CHINESE SAILOR FINED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

LONDON, Aug. 7.

A Chinese sailor has been fined £50, with the alternative of three months' imprisonment, at Glasgow for attempting to smuggle opium.

Procurator Fiscal said that the authorities regarded opium smuggling as an extremely grave matter. The shipping trade was also anxious to suppress smuggling owing to heavy fines imposed on ships carrying opium. Several other opium prosecutions are impending in Glasgow.

The Raja of Ramnad, who by his liberal donation of Rs. 20,000 was one of the early supporters of the Madras War Fund, has generously given a further contribution of Rs. 15,000 towards the maintenance of the hospital ship Madras, in addition to Rs. 22,500 placed at the disposal of his Majesty the King-Emperor for the purchase of an equipped aeroplane for use at the front.

FIGHTING NORTH OF POZIERES.

GERMAN ATTACKS REPULSED.

SUCCESSFUL BOMBING RAIDS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 8.

General Haig in last night's communiqué said, north and north-east of Pozieres after a heavy bombardment the enemy delivered determined attacks on our new lines at four in the morning and entered our trenches at some places, but was driven out with many casualties.

Two strong attacks delivered at nine in the morning were likewise repulsed. A further feeble attack was repulsed at four in the afternoon.

More prisoners were captured in minor encounters elsewhere, in which our bombing parties were successful.

GERMAN TRENCHES RAIDED.

ARTILLERY ACTIVITY BETWEEN ANCRE AND SOMME.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, August 7.

General Haig this afternoon reports that the situation is unchanged.

LATER.

In this afternoon's communiqué General Haig adds:—We retain the ground won yesterday. Hostile bombardment between the Ancre and the Somme against the front line and back areas continues. We repulsed small counter-attacks east of Pozieres.

We successfully raided trenches east of Neuville St. Vaast last evening. The enemy endeavoured to raid our's south-east of Bois Grenier, but was driven back with loss.

A SUCCESSFUL SURPRISE.

COMMANDING POSITION SECURED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Aug. 7.

The attack on Pozieres was delivered at the moment of sunset suddenly, over a front of 2,000 yards. The Australians and Britishers speedily cleared out the indescribable mass which constituted the German second line. The whole performance was a successful surprise. The operations occurred at the moment when the Germans were being relieved; some were packing up and others were taking off their equipment. All bolted into dugouts, in which many were bombed.

German artillery opened killing numerous German prisoners.

Three strong night counter-attacks were heavily punished by barrage fire.

The men are elated at securing the commanding position, enabling them to see what they call the "promised land."

ENGLISH GRAVES IN FRANCE

INVIOLABILITY GUARANTEED BY FRENCH PARLIAMENT.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, August 8.

The French Parliament has passed a law assuring the inviolability of the graves of the English killed in France. The Army Council has sent a reply expressing appreciation of French kindness.

GENERAL SMUTS' CAMPAIGN.

SUCCESSFUL NAVAL OPERATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, August 7.

General Smuts reports that a naval force occupied the minor port of Sadani on the 1st instant, meeting with slight opposition. Other naval operations are progressing at various points on the coastline.

Major General Vandeventer is pursuing the enemy in the direction of Mpapua from the Kilimatinde-Dodoma-Kikombo area.

Brigadier-General Northey has reached Nadibira in the direction of Iringa.

JULY TRADE RETURNS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

LONDON, August 7.

Exports for July show an increase of £11,601,546 in value and imports an increase of £1,048,604 as compared with the figures for July last year.

MAJOR-GEN. SHAW REMOVED

ALSO BRIG.-GEN. ROE AND LT.-COL. MACNAMARA.

RESULT OF TROOP TRAIN DISASTER ENQUIRY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Aug. 8.

As the result of the enquiry into the circumstances attending the cases of heat stroke which occurred on a troop train carrying newly arrived drafts from Karachi to the Punjab, the following officers have been removed from their appointments:—

Major-General Shaw, commanding Karachi Brigade.

Brigadier-General Roe, Deputy Quartermaster-General, Army Headquarters.

Lieutenant-Colonel Macnamara, I.M.S., Assistant Director, Medical Services, Karachi Brigade.

PENSIONS FOR WIDOWS AND CHILDREN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 7.

Mr. Chamberlain announced to-day that the wives and children of the Territorials who had died in the Karachi troop train would be granted the same rates of pension as if the men had been killed in action. He had proposed to the Army Council that the cases of non-Teritorials should be treated similarly.

COOCH BEHAR PALACE THEFT CASE

MAHARAJA ORDERS POSTPONEMENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, August 8.

The Cooch Behar Palace theft case has been adjourned *sine die* under a telegraphic order of H. H. the Maharaja, communicated to the Court at the close of the sitting by the President of the State Council. The State Councillors met yesterday to consider certain terms offered by the accused and praying for pardon. It is believed that the accused while withdrawing all the charges of partiality against the Court, all the charges of unfairness in the conduct of the prosecution, and all the charges against the conduct of the state officials, have unreservedly thrown themselves on the mercy of H. H. the Maharaja offering to banish themselves and the members of their families from Cooch Behar for ever. The telegram from the Maharaja ran thus:—"Received telegram. Am willing to accept terms of the accused. Sanction recommendation of the Council. Dwijen and Akhtar granted bail. Kanak may go to Calcutta. Sanction immediate adjournment."

Under the above orders Dwijen and Akhtar were released on bail of Rs. 1,000 each to appear when called, the other accused Kanak being already on bail. As the recommendation of the State Council did not provide for immediate stoppage of the case or release of the accused the Court said it would pass final orders on due notice to the accused.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 8.

At the share market to-day the inquiry for jute mill shares was well maintained throughout the day, higher prices being paid in the case of favourite stocks. Dealings appeared to be confined for the most part to bazar operations, the market meeting with very little outside support. Coal shares were dull with prices unchanged and only a small trade was reported. In other directions there was no feature of outstanding interest. The following sales took place:—

Jute:—Alliance 388, 389, 390; Auckland 165 to 167-8; Dalhousie 253, 255, 256; Delta 373; Clive 122; Empire 33-8 to 34; Fort Gloster 388 to 391; Hooghly 46-8; Kanknarrah 436 and 437; Kamarhatty 318, 320-8; Lawrence 244, 241; Naihati 255 c.d.; Reliance 210, 211, 212; Standard 296, 297, 298.

Coal:—Benakuri 9-6; Burra Dhemo 10-4; Burrakur 22; Kuardi 16-4, 16-8; Raneegunge 30-4, 30-8; Sodeeh 6, 6-2; Standard 31-8.

Miscellaneous:—Dalbhoom Gold 18-12 to 20; Mengkibol Rubber 19, 19-4; Pench River 12-4.

Government Paper:—3½ per cent. was quoted at Rs. 75-12 to Rs. 76 and small lots were done at Rs. 76-2 to Rs. 76-6.

An arts and crafts exhibition is to be held at Hyderabad in aid of the Sind Women's War Fund.

The Bomanji Dinshaw Petit Parsi General Hospital Fund now amounts to Rs. 28,54,323-6-8.

BENGAL REGIMENT.

DOUBLE COMPANY TO BE RAISED.

TO BE LOCATED ON FRONTIER FOR TRAINING.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DACCA, Aug. 7.

At the conclusion of to-day's meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council Lord Carmichael delivered a speech in the course of which he regretted the misunderstanding which had arisen over the Bengal Ambulance Corps. Mistakes had been honestly made and he felt sure there ought not to be resentment against any one. He believed they might yet see more young Bengalis doing ambulance work at the front but there must be no acting in haste. The authorities were sympathetic.

His Excellency continued, "One thing more I want to tell you. The Viceroy has been considering the position with the Commander-in-Chief and other members of his Government. They have determined to try as an experimental measure to raise a double company of infantry composed of Bengalis on precisely the same terms as are offered to the Indian Army generally. The enlistment will be for the period of the war with option to the soldier of remaining if he chooses in the service after its conclusion. The double company when formed will be located on the frontier for training and when properly trained may be sent on field service.

That the Government of India should be willing to consider this now, while the war is going on, shows that they have not neglected the feelings of Bengal, that they should be willing to make an experiment is a proof that they do sympathise with us, that they do believe that Bengalis are loyal and are devoted. Surely it is the duty now of every one who loves Bengal to see that the experiment shall succeed to show that emotional and impetuous as the Bengalis undoubtedly are, they are generous enough to exercise self-control, that they are ready to submit to discipline and will do their part when asked just as well as other people do their part without demanding any exceptional or better terms.

MURDEROUS ASSAULT ON A SHIP OFFICER.

A FIREMAN CHARGED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, Aug. 8.

On arrival of the steamer Arankola report was made by the Chief Officer to the River Police charging Ali Buch, a fireman, with having murderously assaulted Knaure, third officer of the ship, while she was lying at the Esplanade moorings, Calcutta, on Wednesday last.

It appears that an argument arose between a licensed measurer of the Chamber of Commerce and the accused because the latter refused to get up from the table on which he was sitting. Later the accused almost throttled the measurer who reported him to the third officer. When the third officer went and told the accused that the captain wanted to see him the accused attacked Knaure. The measurer who came up to his assistance, was kept back by another fireman and the accused picked up a hammer and struck the third officer across the head which caused him to be dazed and he was removed to the hospital. Owing to his condition the Chief Officer was unable to elicit facts. The fireman is under arrest.

C. P. LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

COMMITTEE TO CONSIDER DRAFT OF LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT BILL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

NAGPUR, August 8.

A committee consisting of the Hon. Messrs. Marten Clarke, Deputy Commissioner, Nagpur, Rao Bahadur Kelkar, Mr. Mathura Prasad and Mr. Damle is appointed to examine and discuss the draft of the the Local Self-Government Bill before it is submitted for the approval of the Government of India. The committee will meet in the Secretariat on the day after the termination of the next session of the Legislative Council. The draft Local Self-Government Bill and the Village Sanitation Bill are circulated amongst the members of the committee.

The Nagpur municipality has adopted a resolution to approach the Government requesting them to introduce an amendment in the Municipalities Act empowering them to levy a special education cess in the municipal areas.

FAMINE RELIEF AT DHORAJI.

The President of the Dhoraji Famine Relief Committee writes to us to say that though it has been notified by the Committee that, good rain having fallen in Dhoraji and surrounding districts, no more financial help is needed at Dhoraji, remittances are still flowing in from different parts of India. These amounts the Committee has been obliged to return to the generous donors with thanks. The Committee again request the public not to send them any more funds, but to utilize the money where a scarcity of rains may be still prevailing and help may be in most urgent demand. The Committee sincerely thank all those generous ladies and gentlemen who have liberally contributed to their fund, a detailed report of which will follow shortly.

CASE AGAINST MR. TILAK.

SECOND DAY'S PROCEEDINGS

PROSECUTION WITNESSES CROSS-EXAMINED.

INTERPRETATION OF WORDS.

(From our own Correspondent.)

POONA, Aug. 8.

The hearing of the case against Mr. Tilak was resumed today. Messrs. Binning and S. C. Davar appeared for the prosecution, while Messrs. Jinnah, Joseph Baptista, Karandikar, S. R. Bakhale, Kaka Patil, S. K. Lele and S. K. Damle appeared for Mr. Tilak.

Sub-Inspector Datre was asked to read some passages from the shorthand notes of Mr. Tilak's speech.

Mr. Binning said he would accept some of the English interpretations of the Marathi speeches.

Anant Krishna Thakur was then cross-examined by Mr. Jinnah regarding "Sovereign's policy is in accordance with the Trading Company's policy." "Rajyadhoran" meant the sovereign's policy, personally "Rajyadhoran" would mean state policy.

The Magistrate said Mr. Tilak might have said the latter and the reporter might have misheard him.

Mr. Jinnah said that was exactly what he meant, otherwise it would be absurd. "We shall have to go out by giving a push to him" means the same if the word "shall" was omitted. It was Marathi future-present tense. Witness would not accept "we may have to go" etc. The future-present tense means the present intention of future things. "Sirkar" meant Government but the other meanings would depend upon the context. There was no Marathi word for bureaucracy but the Marathi "Adhikarivarg" was current. He did not dispute the meaning "official class" for "Adhikarivarg". The word "Sarkar" was a comprehensive word in, Marathi. "Judicial Court" would mean "Sarkar". "Collector" would not mean "Sarkar". "Sarkar" was used for Government official invested with magisterial authority or civil authority. "Ghamenda" nearly meant overconfidence. "Dhurta" meant rogue. That meaning was given in Dr. Bhandarker's book. But the witness did not look it up for translation. He had not looked up the dictionary but "Rogue" was appropriate there. In common Marathi the expression "you are dhurta" meant shrewd. "Gulamgiri" means "slavery" in Marathi and nothing else. It did not necessarily mean that it may mean servility. Witness did not know the word "obsequiousness." Witness did not claim to be an English scholar. The second assistant Oke first translated this. Witness compared it and passed it. Oke was in Bombay. He was his superior and Oke was in Poona four or five days ago and witness saw him then.

Mr Tilak's second speech was then taken up. "Rajyavyavastha" means "administration of the state."

Mr. Binning admitted that interpretation, but he did not admit that his own translation was wrong. The phrase used in Mr. Tilak's speech was used in the same sense as the well-known proverb in Marathi——"The loss is the master's but the storekeeper is worrying about it." Witness understood it to mean that the owner bears the expense but the granary-keeper does not like it. Apte's Marathi proverbs gave the meaning as "the owner may sanction expenditure for certain things but his clerk hesitates." The translation "if the State administration is like the present, England among the European nations cannot give any rights" was not intelligible.

Mr. Jinnah asked witness whether the word. "Gulamgiri' was always translated as "slavery" and as he could not definitely say, that he was asked to give his answer after the examination was over. "Pashusarakha" meant "like beasts" and not "like cattle." It did not mean cattle. The translation "like animals," would not do. "Pashusarakha" meant they are treated without taking into consideration their voice, likings and desires.

Mr. Binning asked whether the witness was to be allowed to go into the meaning under the careful guidance of Mr. Jinnah.

Mr. Jinnah said these questions were to make the meaning clear.

The Magistrate said the correct meaning must be got at and that was the only way of arriving at them.

Witness said man is an animal but he is not included in "pashu." After several technical questions had been asked and passages translated from the Marathi by witness the cross-examination was finished.

Mr. Jinnah asked witness again whether he knew that Mr. Tilak had made a declaration of his policy or his attitude towards the Government and whether it had come to the Oriental Translator's Office for translation to which he answered "no."

POLICE SHORT-HAND WRITERS.

Sub-Inspector Datre cross-examined by Mr. Jinnah said he could take down 110 to 120 words per minute. Ordinarily 110 words are spoken every minute. Mr. Tilak spoke about seventy to ninety words per minute. He took down every word that Mr. Tilak said. There might have been omission whenever his pencil broke or was being mended. He could not remember whether his pencil broke at Belgaum. Usually he had to mend his pencils while taking notes, but he could not remember whether he did so at that particular time. There was another Sub-Inspector named Deshpande taking down notes in Belgaum, who was a shorthand writer. There was no other shorthand writer. The notes were taken down by him there and then every word of it. Deshpande also took down Mr. Tilak's speeches. The transcription was made from the notes of both. There might be some words which were not in his notes. There could be no mistake in taking down notes. No sentences have gone from the notes but some words might have gone. He had omitted the word "Kahithikani" as it was repeated frequently but he had made a mark to show that it was spoken. There can be no possibility of words being misheard when "Raja" and "Rajya" were used. He could only hear what was spoken. Witness did not think it was possible anybody could confuse the words "Rajavyavastha" and "Rajyavavastha." Witness personally made no difference between these words, but Deshpande did. Witness might have taken these words from him.

The Magistrate said, Mr. Binning had already admitted these words and it was no use labouring on these points.

Mr. Jinnah said the translator had made no difference between these words and he wanted to get from this witness what was uttered.

The Magistrate said there was a possibility of mishearing these words and it was hardly worth while labouring on the point.

Witness and Deshpande wrote the transcript from their notes together. Witness was in the the O.I.D. and got Rs. 70 monthly. He was taking notes for five or six years. He informed his superiors orally that he had taken down notes and it took him some days to finish the transcription.

Re-examined by Mr. Binning witness said his only work was taking down notes.

Sub-Inspector Somnath Deshpande examined by Mr. Binning said he had taken down Mr. Tilak's speech at Belgaum. They were correctly taken down. He was four or five paces from Mr. Tilak. He took three or two pencils for taking notes. The first part of the transcript was in his hand and he had made it correctly from his notes.

Mr. Jinnah wanted to inspect the notes and the case was adjourned till Wednesday noon.

LECTURE AT AHMEDNAGAR ON 31ST MAY.

The following is the official translation of Mr. Tilak's speech at Ahmednagar on May 31, as put in by the Crown:—

"Gentlemen, before saying a few words to you it is my first duty to thank you very much. It is my first duty to thank you for the honour you have done to me by calling me here and for the address you have presented to me. Whatever the motive with which you have conferred the honour upon me, the few words, which I have now to tell you, relate to my work. Perhaps this may appear strange (lit. contrary) to you. You have called me here, and (if) I make a statement about my own work before you, that would be a sort of impropriety. Should you think that Mr. Tilak came here and told people his own things (I say) I do not hesitate at all to tell them at this place since the things which I have to tell you are of as great an advantage to you as they are to me. Till now controversies and discussions about the state of our country have taken place in various ways and at various places. What is beneficial to the people in general? Many things are beneficial. Religion, which relates to the other world, is beneficial. Similarly, morality too is beneficial. Provision for one's maintenance is beneficial. Our trade should expand, the population should increase, there should be plenty and that plenty should safely fall into our hands—all these things are desired by men. But it is not possible to discuss all these things in the short time allowed to me. I will, therefore, say a few words before you about such of the above things as are important and are considered important by thousands of people (and) about* a subject which is now discussed on all sides. This subject is *swarajya* (Cheers). Those things which relate to our homes we do authoritatively in our homes. If I desire to do such and such a thing, if it be merely a private one, I have not to ask any one about it, nor to take anybody's permission nor is it necessary to consult any one else. That is not the case in public matters. As is our own good just so is the good of all people. If we consider how people would begin to live well and how they would attain a condition of progressive improvement we shall see that, whatever things we take (for consideration), we are handicapped in consequence of there being no authority in our hands. If a railway is to be constructed from one place to another, that is not under our control. As for trade, I might talk much about giving encouragement to such and such an industry but it is not wholly in our power to acquire knowledge of that industry at the place where it is carried on, to lessen the trade of these people in this country and increase our own trade. Whatever thing we may take it is the same with it. We cannot stop (the sale of) liquor. There are also some things which are not wanted by us or by our Government but the course of the general administration is such that it is not in our power to make any change,—the slightest change,—in it. We have till now made many complaints and Government have heard them; but what is the root of all the complaints? What things come in the way of improving our condition as we desire (and) what is our difficulty,—this has been considered for about 50 years past, and many wise people have, after considering this thing, discovered one cause of this, which is that our people have no authority in their hands. In public matters, different (lit. many) people have different opinions. Some say, 'Do you not possess authority? Do not drink liquor, and (all) is done.' The advice is good (lit. sweet) indeed, but stopping all the people (from drinking liquor) cannot be done by mere advice. This requires some authority. He who has not got that authority in his hands cannot do that work. And if it had been possible to do the work by mere advice, then we would not have wanted a king. Government (administration), has come into existence for giving effect to the things desired by a large number of people. And as that Government is not in our hands, if anything is desired by thousands of you but not by those who control the administration, that thing can never be accomplished. I had come here on a former occasion. What about the famine administration (of that time)? When (lit. on which day) Government came to know that the weavers sustained great loss during famine, some steps were taken about it. We have lost our trade. The business of commission agency used to be carried on formerly; it is not that commission agency (business) did not exist before, nor that it does not exist now. The business of the agents is carried on at present. The difference is that while at that time you were the commission agents of our trade, you have (now) become the commission agents of the business men of England. You buy cotton here and send it to England and when the cloth made from it in England arrives, you buy it on commission and sell it to us. The business of commission agency has remained, but what has happened in it is that the profit which this country derived from it, is lost (to us) and goes to the English. The thing (is) that the men and the business are the same (as before) but owing to a change in the ruling power, we cannot do some things. Such has become (the condition) that such things as would be beneficial to the country cannot be carried out. At first, we thought that since the English Government was a matter of fact alien, (and) there was no sedition in calling them so there would be no sedition whatever nor any (other) offence in calling (alien) those things which are alien. What is the result of alienness? The difference between aliens and us is that the aliens' point of view is alien, their thoughts are alien, and their general conduct is such that their minds are not inclined to particularly benefit those people to whom they are aliens. The Muhammadan kings who ruled here at Ahmednagar (I don't call Muhammadans aliens) came to and lived in this country and at least desired that local industries should thrive. The religion may be different. The children of him who wishes to live in India, (also) wish to live in India. Let them remain. Those are not aliens who desire to do good to those children, to that man, and other inhabitants of India. By alien I do not mean alien in religion. He who does what is beneficial to the people of this country, be he a Muhammadan or an Englishman, is not alien. 'Alienness' has to do with interests. Alienness is certainly not concerned with white and black skin Alienness is not concerned with religion. Alienness is not concerned with trade and profession. I do not consider him an alien who wishes to make an arrangement whereby that country in which he has to live, his children have to live and his future generations have to live, may see good days and be benefited. He may not perhaps go with me to the same temple to pray to God, perhaps there may be no intermarriage and interdining between him and me. All these are minor questions. But if a man is exerting hiself for the good of India, and takes measures in that direction, I do not consider him an alien. The Government is alien. At first I thought that there was nothing particular in this. The Peshwa's rule passed away and the Muhammadan rule passed away, (the country) came into the possession of the English, but the king's duty is to do all those things whereby the nation may become eminent, be benefited, rise, and become the equal of other nations. That king who does this duty is not alien. He is to be considered alien, who does not do this duty, but looks only to his own benefit, to the benefit of his own race, and to the benefit of his original country. If anybody has charged this Government with being alien, he has done so in the above sense. How then is this sentiment of (alienness)* to disappear? At first hundreds of questions arose. Agricultural assessment then increased. the Forest Department was organised in a particular manner, the Abkari Department was organised in a particular manner,—about all these things we have been constantly complaining to Government for the past 20 or 25 years. (But) no arrangements about the different departments, the different professions, the different trades and the different industries, were made (accordingly). This is the chief question of the past 50 years. While looking out for a cause of this, we at first beleved that when we informed this Government of it, it would at once proceed to do as we desired. The Government is alien. It does not know (the facts.) When 5 or 10 of our prominent men assembling together tell Government, the latter will understand it. It being alien, it cannot understand it. As soon as the Government is informed of this, it is so generous minded and wise that it will listen to what you have to say and redress (the grievances). Such was our belief. But the policy (lit. conduct) of Government during the last 50 years has been the cause of the removal of this belief. However much you may clamour, however much you may agitate, whatever the number of grounds you may show, its sight is so affected as not to see the figures drawn from its own reports and set before it. The same arguments and the same grounds do not meet with its approval. If we say anything to it, it sticks only to what may be adverse to our statement. Perhaps some one may come and tell you that there is nothing to wonder at in this. Whether the Muhammadans or the Hindus or the Peshwas or the Emperor of Nagar may have been (lit. may be) your rulers, those kingdoms have been broken up and now the rule of the English has been established. Of course those people do just what is beneficial to them. Why then do you complain about them? This is sure to happen. Such is the opinion of several people. This your outcery only becomes the cause of giving pain to Government and in a manner disturbing its mind. For this reason do not raise this outcry and accept quietly what it may give. Accept gladly what little (lit. quarter of bread) it may give and thank it. Such is the opinion of several people. I do not approve of this opinion. My opinion is that whatever be the Government whether British or any other, it has, as Government, a sort of duty to perform. Government has a sort of religious duty to perform; a sort of responsibility lies on its shoulders. I say that when a Government evades this responsibility it is no Government at all. Government possesses authority. All the power possessed by Government, be it acquired by it by fighting or be it conferred (upon it) by the people. . .* Still Government has a duty (to perform). As we have a duty, so those who are called Government have also a duty. They must do certain things. The Government has already admitted certain duties. Does not Government do such works as constructing roads, establishing post-offices and telegraphs? It does. If to-morrow some one were to say 'If Government does not construct roads, it is its pleasure. It may construct them if it likes, but not if it does not like,' then all of you who are assembled here will find fault with him saying, 'If these things are not to be done (by Government), why do we pay taxes? If the Government will not utilise for the people's conveniences the taxes levied from us, it has no authority to take any taxes whatever from us. Government take these for our benefit.' When any persons argue before you that the Government is good, what do they show? The question is always asked 'This our Government has constructed roads, made railways, established telegraphs and post offices—are not these conveniences made for you? Why do you then raise an outcery against Government?' I do not say that these things have not been done, but that those that have been done are not sufficient. These things have been done, done well (and) have been done better by the British Government than they would have been done by the former Governments—this is an honour to them. But should we not tell (it to do) those things which it does not do? But that is not a real Government which considers itself insulted when told of those things which have not been done and a desire to do which is not apparent even now, which does not direct its attention

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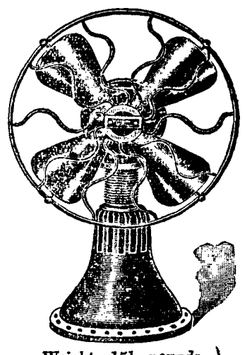

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LUCKNOW CONGRESS PRESIDENTSHIP.

PRESS COMMENTS ON MADRAS NOMINATION.

(Delayed in transmission.)
(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
MADRAS, Aug. 7.

The final selection by the Madras Provincial Congress Committee for the presidentship of the next Congress is the subject of leading articles in "New India," the "Hindu" and the "Swedesamitran" this evening.

Mrs. Besant writing over her name in the "New India" applauds Mr. Govindaraghava Iyer as "a long-standing Congress man who unites strong opinion with singular sobriety of expression. As a trustee of Pachayappa's charities, as minister of the Madras Parliament and Director of Y. M. I. A. and as the unwavering supporter of the to-morrows as well as the respect of the yesterdays." Mrs. Besant appeals to other congress committees to elect him president.

The "Hindu" regards the passing over of Mr. Vijiaraghavachariar as inexplicable on any other ground than of being due to the malign influences at work among the majority of the Congress Committee and sounds a warning note lest this stultifying feature of the Madras committee's action should mislead other provinces into thinking that the election of Mr. Govindaraghava Iyer represents a general opinion of the educated men of the Presidency. It regards Mr. Vijiaraghavachariar as a man of strong individuality, sturdy independence and public spirit untainted by selfish aims, who, during the period of thirty-five years, has fought successfully battles with the Government in the cause of local self-government and in addition to long participation in the Congress work has done yeomen service as a member of the Local and the Imperial Legislative Councils.

The "Swadesamitran" also regards the election of Mr. Govindaraghava Iyer apparently as the work of a caucus deliberately bent on keeping out Mr. Vijiaraghavachariar in spite of his standing foremost in the suffrages of the various provinces. Both these journals ask the Congress Committees in the country to set right the mistake committed by the Madras Committee and unite in electing Mr. Vijiaraghavachariar as the President of the Congress.

C. P. NOMINATES MR. ACHARIAR

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
NAGPUR, Aug. 8.

The Provincial Congress Committee of the Central Provinces has finally recommended Mr. Vijayaraghava Achariar for the Congress presidentship this year.

Shamsulbema Moulvi Kanabuddin Ahmed, Superintendent, Chittagong Madrasa, is going to England for a scientific study of Arabic. It is understood all his expenses will be borne by the Government.

SORE, INFLAMED AND ACHING FEET.

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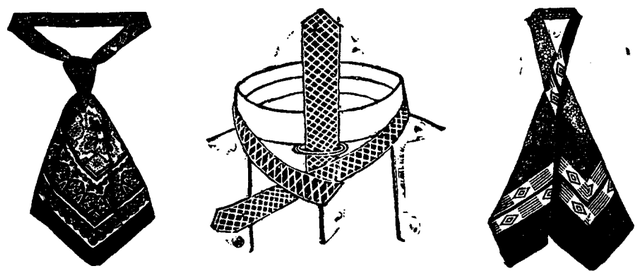

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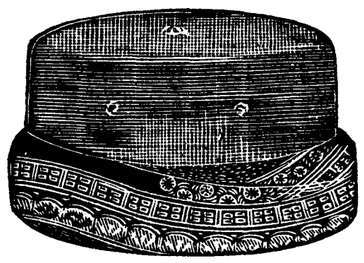

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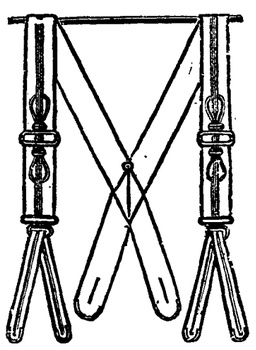

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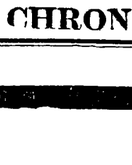

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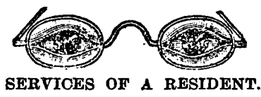

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